

Key figures and events of the Group

Citadele's operating income in H1 2024 reached EUR 116.1 million, representing a 2% increase year-over-year. Return on equity reached 19.8%, and the cost-to-income ratio (CIR) was 48.8%. Q2 2024 operating income was EUR 58.3 million, 1% increase quarter-over-quarter.

Citadele's ambition for growth has materialized in H1 2024, as evidenced by the growing loan book. In H1 2024, the loan portfolio increased by 7% and reached EUR 3,049 million as of 30 June 2024. EUR 621 million was issued in new financing to support Baltic private, SME, and corporate customers in H1 2024. EUR 366 million were issued in Q2 2024, 43% increase quarter-over-quarter.

The overall credit quality of the loan book was good. The Stage 3 loans to public gross ratio was 2.2% as of 30 June 2024, compared to 2.1% as of 31 December 2023.

Citadele's deposit base totalled EUR 3,694 million as of 30 June 2024, reflecting a 4% decrease since year end 2023.

Citadele's active customers increased by 2% quarter-over-quarter, reaching 386 thousand as of 30 June 2024. The number of active mobile app users reached 258 thousand, growing by 8% year-over-year. Active digital channel users accounted for 88.9% of total customers.

Citadele continues to operate with adequate capital and liquidity ratios. The Group's CAR was 22.7%, CET1 was 19.7%, and the LCR was 170% as of 30 June 2024.

As of 30 June 2024, Citadele had 1,378 full-time employees, of which 31 were associated with discontinued operations.

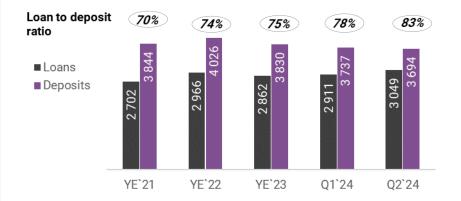
In spite of some economic and geopolitical uncertainty, the bank continues to assess various strategic options, including the possibility of an IPO.

Continuous operations

EUR millions	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Net interest income	95.6	88.0	48.6	47.5
Net fee and commission income	17.2	21.0	8.3	12.7
Net financial and other income	3.3	4.7	1.4	1.5
Operating income	116.1	113.7	58.3	61.7
Operating expense	(56.6)	(48.9)	(28.9)	(25.2)
Net credit losses and impairments	7.0	3.7	4.1	5.0
Net profit from continuous operations (after tax)	50.9	64.5	25.4	38.5
Return on average assets (ROA)	2.2%	2.6%	2.2%	3.2%
Return on average equity (ROE)	19.8%	29.2%	19.2%	33.8%
Cost to income ratio (CIR)	48.8%	43.0%	49.6%	40.8%
Cost of risk ratio (COR)	(0.5%)	(0.2%)	(0.5%)	(0.7%)

Loans to and deposits from the public

EURm



Common equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital ratio and Total capital adequacy ratio (CAR) (including 50% of the net result for the period, i.e. decreased by the expected dividends)



*Only continuous operations shown. Comparatives are restated for discontinued operations of Kaleido Privatbank AG (Swiss subsidiary bank of the Group) which is committed for sale and thus excluded from the presented key figures. Comparative figures for 2022 have been restated due to the adoption of IFRS 17, earlier comparative figures are not restated for IFRS 17.

^{**}For definitions of Alternative Performance Ratios refer to Definitions and Abbreviations section of these financial statements.



AS "Citadele banka" Contents

CONTENTS

Management report

- 4 Letter from the Management
- 10 Corporate governance
- 11 Statement of Management's Responsibility

Interim financial statements

- 12 Condensed statement of income
- 13 Condensed statement of comprehensive income
- 14 Condensed balance sheet
- 15 Condensed statement of changes in equity
- 16 Condensed statement of cash flows
- 17 Notes to the interim condensed financial statements
- 61 Auditors' Report

Other

- 63 Other regulatory disclosures
- 67 Quarterly statements of income and balance sheets of the Group
- 68 Definitions and abbreviations

Rounding and Percentages

Some numerical figures included in these interim condensed financial statements have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, numerical figures shown for the same category presented in different tables may vary slightly, and numerical figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures that precede them.

In these interim condensed financial statements, certain percentage figures have been included for convenience purposes in comparing changes in financial and other data over time. However, certain percentages may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

For definitions of Alternative Performance Ratios used throughout these interim condensed financial statements refer to Definitions and Abbreviations section of this report.

AS "Citadele banka"

Management report | Letter from the Management



Economic growth in the Baltics is improving

The global economy continues to grow despite numerous risks and geopolitical tensions, with the economic outlook in the euro area gradually improving. In July 2024, inflation in the euro area declined to 2.6%, and the ECB began its rate-cutting cycle in June 2024. In the second quarter of 2024, GDP in the euro area grew by 0.6% compared to the same period in the previous year. Meanwhile, signs of economic weakness have emerged in the US, which could potentially undermine global economic growth.

Economic growth in the Baltics is improving, but the recovery remains slow. Preliminary estimates for Q2 2024 show that GDP in Latvia grew by 0.1% compared to Q2 2023, while it declined by 1.7% in Estonia and increased by 1.9% in Lithuania. Manufacturing in the Baltics remains in recession due to weak external demand, and high interest rates have reduced private sector construction activity. In Lithuania, retail sales have been rising since the end of 2023, driven by stronger wage growth compared to Baltic peers in recent years, while consumer demand in Estonia is weighed down by higher debt levels.

Despite weak economic growth, unemployment in the Baltics remains near historical lows, which continues to drive strong wage growth. In Q1 2024, the average wage in Latvia rose by 11% compared to the previous year, while wages increased by 10.3% in Lithuania and 8.8% in Estonia. Rising incomes are expected to contribute to stronger consumption growth going forward.

Strong financial result

In H1 2024, Citadele generated an operating income of EUR 116.1 million, reflecting a 2% growth compared to the same period a year ago, with a return on equity of 19.6%. In Q2 2024, operating income reached EUR 58.3 million, with a return on equity of 18.9%.

Citadele's ambition for growth has materialized in the first half of the year, as evidenced by the growing loan book. Citadele's total loan book as of 30 June 2024, stood at EUR 3,049 million, marking a 7% or EUR 187 million increase compared to 31 December 2023.

Citadele has continued to support the business community with financing for growth and expansion. In H1 2024, new financing to private, SME, and corporate customers reached EUR 621.4 million, representing a 45% growth compared to the same period a year ago. In Q2 2024, new financing amounted to EUR 365.6 million, a 43% increase quarter-over-quarter, driven by improving macroeconomic conditions and interest rate expectations.

The financial standing of our customers is stable, and the quality of our portfolio remains strong. The non-performing loan (NPL) ratio was 2.2% as of 30 June 2024, compared to 2.1% at year-end 2023.

Citadele's deposit base totalled EUR 3,694 million as of 30 June 2024, reflecting a 4% decrease as compared to year-end 2023. Loan-to-deposit ratio stood at 83% as of 30 June 2024.

In Q2 2024, EUR 50.6 million was paid out in dividends for the year 2023, amounting to EUR 0.32 per share. This payout aligns with Citadele's 50% dividend policy and provides an 11% dividend return based on the book value of one Citadele share as of December 31, 2023. The payment reflects the bank's sustained growth, strong capital position, and stable balance sheet.

Citadele continues to operate with more than adequate capital and liquidity ratios: CAR was 22.7%, Tier 1 ratio was 19.7% and LCR was 170% as of 30 June 2024.

In spite of some economic and geopolitical uncertainty, the bank continues to assess various strategic options, including the possibility of an IPO.

Stable client base

Citadele continues to attract new clients, and we are proud of our strong customer base who trust us with their financial service needs. The active customer base reached 386 thousand, representing an increase of 2% year-over-year. Active digital channel users reached 88.9% of total customers, with the majority preferring the mobile app, while the rest use i-Bank. The number of active mobile app users as of 30 June 2024 reached 258 thousand, marking an 8% year-over-year growth.

Innovations and development

Citadele continue to enlarge Mobile app functionality, bringing more products and enhancing user experience. Mobile app improvements resulted in ever high Apple Store and Google Play Mobile app rating of 4.8.

Insurance offering further expanded with the launch of Bill protection insurance, bringing 6th insurance product to Citadele customers available for purchase with just a few clicks.

Klix, Citadele's e-commerce checkout solution, reached 1,542 merchants, with its registered user base surpassing 348 thousand and active users reaching 66 thousand as of 30 June 2024. During H1 2024, 8.5 million transactions were processed, with a total value



AS "Citadele banka"

Management report | Letter from the Management

of EUR 304 million. Klix "Buy Now, Pay Later" issuance reached EUR 18.4 million during H1 2024, compared to EUR 11 million for the full year 2023. Several top-tier retailers, including Latvijas Gaze and Rigas Satiksme, went live with Klix during Q2 2024.

Sustainability

In line with our commitment to supporting our customers in the transition to a low-carbon economy and recognizing the growing importance of sustainability initiatives for our clients, Citadele offers several products to aid the shift to a green economy.

As of 30 June 2024, the Green Savings Account, which uses deposited funds to finance projects aimed at reducing carbon emissions, reached EUR 62 million.

In the first half of 2024, new lending to businesses and the private sector to facilitate the transition to a green economy amounted to EUR 41 million. Demand for green mortgages, designed to finance homes meeting the highest energy efficiency standards, doubled in Q2 2024 compared to Q1 2024, reaching EUR 9 million. In the first half of 2024, EUR 13 million was issued in green mortgage loans. Increased demand was also seen in green business loans and electric vehicle financing, which increased by 27% and 36% quarter over quarter, respectively.

Changes in the Management Board

Johan Akerblom, Chairman of the Management Board and Chief Executive Officer announced his decision to step down in April 2024.

On 20 May 2024 Rūta Ežerskienė was appointed as the new Chief Executive Officer and Chair of the Management Board of AS Citadele banka, subject to the regulatory approval. Subsequent to the period ended on 23 August 2024, after the regulatory approval, Rūta Ežerskiene has commenced as Chief Executive Officer. Up till this time Rūta Ežerskienė was a Member of the Management Board and Chief Retail Commercial Officer.

Financial review of the Group

Results and profitability in Q2 2024 and H1 2024

Strong financial performance with **operating income** for Q2 2024 reaching EUR 58.3 million, as compared to EUR 57.8 million in Q1 2024. Operating income for the first half of 2024 totalled EUR 116.1 million, a 2% increase compared to the same period a year ago.

Performance was driven by strong **net interest income**, which reached EUR 48.6 million in Q2 2024 (EUR 47.0 million in Q1 2024). Net interest income for H1 2024 amounted to EUR 95.6 million, a 9% increase compared to H1 2023, mainly driven favourable interest rate environment and increase in loan book

The Group's **net fee and commission income** reached EUR 8.3 million in Q2 2024, decreasing by 7% quarter-over-quarter. Net fee and commission income for H1 2024 was EUR 17.2 million, an 18% decrease compared to H1 2023, mainly impacted by decrease in income from cards.

Operating expenses in Q2 2024 reached EUR 28.9 million, representing a 4% increase quarter-over-quarter. Operating expenses for the first half of 2024 totalled EUR 56.6 million, a 16% increase compared to the same period a year ago.

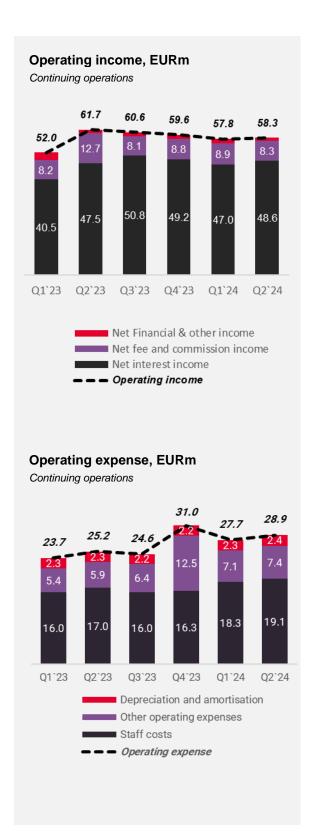
Staff costs increased by 4% to EUR 19.1 million in Q2 2024. H1 2024 Staff costs were 37.4 million, 13% increase as compared to H1 2023. The number of full-time employees was 1,378, compared to 1,329 as of year-end 2023, of which 31 (2023: 28) were with discontinued operations.

Other operating expenses were EUR 7.4 million, representing a 4% increase quarter-over-quarter, mainly driven by an 18% increase in consulting expenses and a 28% increase in advertising and marketing expenses, driven by new product launches and planned seasonal campaigns. Depreciation and amortization expenses stood at EUR 2.4 million, representing a 5% increase quarter-over-quarter. Other operating expenses for the first half of 2024 totalled EUR 14.5 million, as compared to EUR 11.3 million in H1 2023, mainly driven by 49% increase in consulting expenses and 39% increase in advertising and marketing expenses.

Citadele's **cost-to-income ratio** in Q2 2024 was 49.6%, compared to 40.8% in Q2 2023. Cost-to-income ratio in H1 2024 stood at 48.8% compared to 43.0% in H1 2023.

Net credit losses and impairment reversals were recognized in the amount of EUR 4.1 million in Q2 2024 and EUR 7.0 million in H1 2024.

Net profit from continuous operations reached EUR 25.4 million in the Q2 2024 with 18.9% return on equity. Kaleido Privatbank AG (Swiss subsidiary committed for sale) has been presented as discontinued operations since 31 December 2022. The Group's net profit was EUR 22.5 million in Q2 2024, as compared to EUR 24.4 million in Q1 2024.



Balance sheet overview

The **Group's assets** stood at EUR 4,684 million as of 30 June 2024, decreasing by 4% since year-end 2023 (EUR 4,863 million). As of 30 June 2024, Kaleido Privatbank AG (Swiss subsidiary committed for sale) is presented as discontinued operations. Continuing operations assets were EUR 4,572 million as of 30 June 2024 (compared to EUR 4,731 million as of 31 December 2023).

The **net loan portfolio** of continuing operations was EUR 3,049 million as of 30 June 2024, increasing by 7% from year-end 2023. The overall credit quality of the loan book was good. **Stage 3 loans to public** gross ratio was 2.2% as of 30 June 2024, compared to 2.1% as of 31 December 2023.

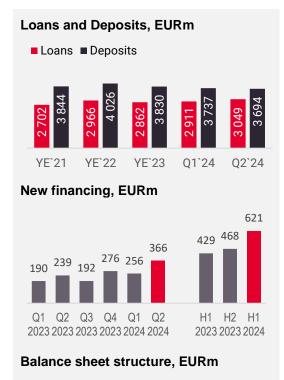
New financing in Q2 2024 totalled EUR 365.6 million, representing a 43% increase quarter-over-quarter, driven by improving macroeconomic conditions and interest rate expectations. EUR 120.8 million was issued to private customers (25% increase quarter-over-quarter), EUR 134.8 million to SMEs (18% increase quarter-over-quarter) and EUR 110.0 million to corporate customers (2.4 times more quarter-over-quarter). In terms of products, EUR 160.6 million was disbursed in regular or mortgage loans (62% increase quarter-over-quarter), EUR 169.7 million leasing and factoring (29% increase quarter-over-quarter) and EUR 35.5 million consumer and micro loans (42% increase quarter-over-quarter).

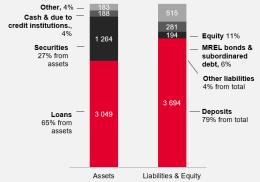
In terms of the **loan portfolio's geographical profile**, as of 30 June 2024, Latvia accounted for 44% of the portfolio, with EUR 1,355 million (45% as of year-end 2023), followed by Lithuania at 36% with EUR 1,109 million (vs. 36% as of year-end 2023), Estonia at 19% with EUR 571 million (vs. 18% as of the year-end 2023) and EU and other countries at 0.4% with EUR 13 million.

As of 30 June 20024, loans to Households represented 45% of the loan portfolio (46% as of year-end 2023). Mortgages have slightly increased compared to year-end 2023 (5% increase) and constituted EUR 821 million. Finance leases increased by 4% and was EUR 358 million (vs. 344 million as of year-end 2023). Consumer lending increased by 11% vs. year-end 2023 (EUR 102 million) and reached EUR 113 million. Card lending has slightly increased by 5% and was EUR 54 million. Overall, the main industry concentrations were Real estate purchase and management (13% of total gross loans), Transport and communications (6%), Manufacturing (7%) and Trade (7%).

The Group's **securities portfolio** forms a part of its liquidity resources and in Q2 2024 increased by 1% vs. the year-end 2023. 94% of the securities portfolio consist of securities with a rating of A and higher. The largest changes were in AA/Aa rated bonds, which decreased by 34% or EUR 191 million since year end 2023.

The Group's LCR and NSFR decreased from 206% and 147% at year-end 2023 to 170% and 140% as of June 30, 2024, respectively. The reduction in liquidity and funding ratios is explained by higher loan growth and optimisation of deposit pricing, resulting in controlled deposit outflows, especially in corporate segment where price competition was the fiercest. The main source of Citadele's funding, customer deposits from continuing operations, decreased by 4% to EUR 3,694 million in Q2 2024 compared to year-end 2023. Given the large cash position at the beginning of the year, as reflected by high LCR ratios, management has focused on the cost of funds. The outflow has helped stabilize the cost of funds while maintaining prudent LCR levels. Term deposits share out of total deposits stood at 27% as of 30 June 2024, as compared to 26% as of end of year 2023. Baltic domestic customer deposits formed 98% of total deposits or EUR 3,635 million (compared to 98% as of yearend 2023).





Ratings

International credit rating agency Moody's Investors Service has affirmed Baa2 rating changing outlook to positive (January 2024).

The main credit strengths are:

- Sound funding and liquidity, underpinned by a domestic-based deposit funding model
- Strong capital generation, underpinned by organic and non-organic growth
- Improving asset quality with unwinding of problem loans.

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Long term deposit
Short term deposit
P-2
Counterparty risk rating
Baseline Credit Assessment/ adj. BCA
Counterparty Risk Assessment
Senior Unsecured -Dom Curr
Baa3
Outlook:
Baa2
P-2
Baa1/P-2
Baa1/cr)/P-2(cr)
Baa3
Positive

Detailed information about ratings can be found on the web page of the rating agency <u>www.moodys.com</u>

Segment Highlights

Retail Private and Affluent segment

The number of active retail customers reached a new all-time high for Citadele, and primary customers continued to grow, reaching 205,000 clients as of June 30, 2024, a 2% year-over-year increase. New customer digital onboarding penetration reached 48%, up from 40% a year ago. In H1 2024, the retail private segment's operating income reached EUR 44.1 million, reflecting 0.5% year-over-year growth.

New lending to private individuals reached EUR 120.8 million in Q2 2024, a 25% quarter-over-quarter increase. New lending in H1 2024 totalled EUR 217.1 million, representing a 66% increase compared to the same period a year ago. Notable growth has been observed in the demand for green products. Green mortgage loans reached EUR 13.1 million in H1 2024, with 66% issued during Q2 2024. Additionally, demand for solar panels has risen, reaching almost EUR 1 million in H1 2024.

Total loans to private individuals reached EUR 1,297 million as of June 30, 2024, increasing by EUR 43 million compared to December 31, 2023, with good loan quality. Deposits from private individuals constituted EUR 1,938 million, increasing by EUR 27 million compared to December 31, 2023. The proportional allocation in term deposits and savings accounts continued to increase to 25%, up from 15% a year ago.

SME segment

In the six months ending on June 30, 2024, the SME segment's operating income reached EUR 39.1 million, reflecting a 10% year-over-year growth.

New lending reached EUR 249.1 million in H1 2024, increasing by 63% compared to the same period a year ago, with EUR 134.8 million, or 54%, issued in Q2 2024. Total loans to SMEs reached EUR 991 million as of June 30, 2024, increasing by 10% compared to December 31, 2023, with good loan quality. Deposits from SMEs constituted EUR 797 million, decreasing by 8% compared to December 31, 2023.

Corporate segment

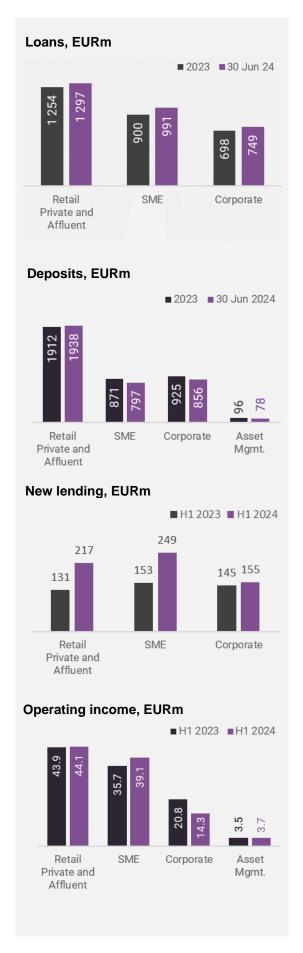
In the six months ending on June 30, 2024, the corporate segment's operating income reached EUR 14.3 million, reflecting a 31% year-over-year decrease, primarily due to a higher proportion of term deposits within the total deposit base and the resulting increase in interest expenses.

Corporate new financing totalled EUR 110.0 million in Q2 2024, as compared to EUR 45.2 million in Q1 2024. New financing in the first six months of 2024 reached EUR 155.2 million, a 7% increase compared to H1 2023. The total corporate loan portfolio was EUR 749 million, representing a 7% increase compared to year-end 2023. Credit portfolio quality remained strong.

The deposit portfolio decreased by 7% compared to yearend 2023 and was EUR 856 million as of June 30, 2024.

Asset Management

In the 6 months ending on 30 June 2024, the Asset Management segment's operating income reached EUR 3.7 million, reflecting a 6% year-over-year growth. The total customers' assets under management reached EUR 1.2 billion, up from EUR 1.1 billion in 2023.



Business Environment

Economic outlook in the euro area is improving

The global economy continues to grow despite numerous risks and geopolitical tensions, with the economic outlook in the euro area gradually improving. In July 2024, inflation in the euro area declined to 2.6% and ECB begun its ratecutting cycle in June 2024. In the second quarter of 2024, GDP in the euro area grew by 0.6% compared to the same period in the previous year. According to the International Monetary Fund's July 2024 forecast, the global economy is expected to grow by 3.2% in 2024 and 3.3% in 2025. In the euro area, GDP growth is projected to increase from 0.5% in 2023 to 0.9% in 2024, and further to 1.5% in 2025.

The economic outlook in the euro area is improving, but growth remains weak due to the impact from high interest rates on consumption and construction. In recent months, loan demand in the euro area has stabilized, and the number of construction companies in Germany reporting a lack of orders is no longer rising. However, manufacturing continues to decline despite lower inventory levels. Meanwhile, signs of economic weakness have also appeared in the US, which could potentially undermine global economic growth.

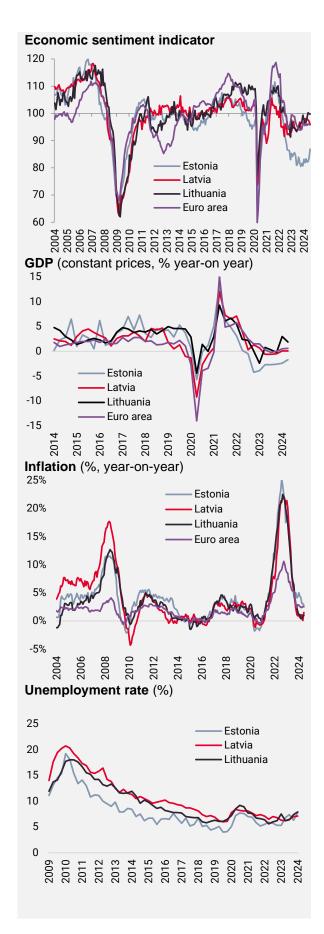
Economic recovery in the Baltics remains slow

Economic growth in the Baltics is improving, but the recovery remains slow. Preliminary estimates for Q2 2024 show that GDP in Latvia grew by 0.1% compared to Q2 2023, while it declined by 1.7% in Estonia and increased by 1.9% in Lithuania. On a quarterly basis, GDP grew by 0.9% in Lithuania and 0.2% in Estonia, but unexpectedly declined by 1.1% in Latvia. Inflation in the Baltics remains low. In July, inflation stood at 0.8% in Latvia, 1.1% in Lithuania, and 3.5% in Estonia. The decline in inflation is largely due to the base effects of lower energy prices while domestic price pressures persist.

Manufacturing in the Baltics remains in recession due to weak external demand, while high interest rates have reduced construction activity in private sector. At the same time in Lithuania retail sales have been rising since the end of 2023, fuelled by stronger wage growth in recent years. However, in Estonia, higher household debt level compared to Latvia and Lithuania is suppressing consumer demand.

Low unemployment and strong wage growth

Despite weak economic growth, unemployment in the Baltics remains near historical lows, although unemployment did increase in the second half of 2023 and Q1 2024 due to slowdowns in construction and manufacturing. Although the number of employed persons in the Baltics has decreased slightly, supply-side factors appear to be the main cause of the rise in unemployment. Positive net migration, including Ukrainian refugees, has expanded the labour force, leading to more people seeking work compared to a year ago. Low unemployment continues to drive up wages, with average increases in Q1 2024 of 11% in Latvia, 10.3% in Lithuania, and 8.8% in Estonia, particularly in the public sector.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

AS Citadele banka is the parent company of Citadele Group. AS Citadele banka is a joint stock company. Citadele's shareholders are an international group of investors with global experience in the banking sector. As of the period end 74.2% shares in AS Citadele banka are owned by a consortium of international investors represented by Ripplewood Advisors LLC, 24.7% shares are owned by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), and 1.1% shares are owned by the management, employees, and other investors.

The Statement of Corporate Governance is published on the Bank's website www.cblgroup.com.

Supervisory Board of the Bank as of 30/06/2024:

Name	Current Position	Date of first appointment
Timothy Clark Collins	Chair of the Supervisory Board	20 April 2015
Elizabeth Critchley	Deputy Chair of the Supervisory Board	20 April 2015
Dhananjaya Dvivedi	Member of the Supervisory Board	20 April 2015
Lawrence Neal Lavine	Member of the Supervisory Board	20 April 2015
Nicholas Dominic Haag	Member of the Supervisory Board	19 December 2016
Karina Saroukhanian	Member of the Supervisory Board	19 December 2016
Sylvia Yumi Gansser Potts	Member of the Supervisory Board	29 October 2018
Stephen Young	Member of the Supervisory Board	4 October 2023
Daiga Auzina-Melalksne	Member of the Supervisory Board	1 November 2023

There were no changes in the Supervisory Board of the Bank in the reporting period.

Management Board of the Bank as of 30/06/2024:

Name	Current position	Responsibility
Johan Åkerblom	Chair of the Management Board	Chief Executive Officer
Valters Ābele	Member of the Management Board	Chief Financial Officer
Vladislavs Mironovs	Member of the Management Board	Chief Strategy Officer
Slavomir Mizak	Member of the Management Board	Chief Technology and Operations Officer
Vaidas Žagūnis	Member of the Management Board	Chief Corporate Commercial Officer
Rūta Ežerskienė	Member of the Management Board	Chief Retail Commercial Officer
Jūlija Lebedinska-Ļitvinova	Member of the Management Board	Chief Risk Officer

On 20 May 2024 Rūta Ežerskienė was appointed as the new Chief Executive Officer and Chair of the Management Board of AS Citadele banka, subject to the regulatory approval. Subsequent to the period ended on 23 August 2024, after the regulatory approval, Rūta Ežerskiene has commenced as Chief Executive Officer. Up till this time Rūta Ežerskienė was a Member of the Management Board and Chief Retail Commercial Officer.

On 4 April 2024 Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Management Board of the Bank Johan Åkerblom tendered his resignation to the Supervisory Board. Johan Åkerblom effectively remained in the position of Chief Executive Officer until regulatory approval of the new Chief Executive Officer was received on 22 August 2024.

Effective from 2 January 2024, Uldis Upenieks, previous Member of the Management Board of AS Citadele banka resigned from his duties and left the Management Board of the Bank.

Statement of Management's Responsibility

The Management of AS Citadele banka (hereinafter – the Bank) is responsible for the preparation of the interim condensed financial statements of the Bank and for the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries (hereinafter – the Group).

The interim condensed financial statements are prepared in accordance with the source documents and present the financial position of the Bank and the Group as of 30 June 2024 and the results of their operations for the three and the six months periods ended 30 June 2024, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the six months period ended 30 June 2024 in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as adopted by the European Union. The management report presents fairly the financial results of the reporting period and future prospects of the Bank and the Group.

The interim condensed financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as adopted by the European Union. Appropriate accounting policies have been applied on a consistent basis. Prudent and reasonable judgments and estimates have been made by the Management in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Management of AS Citadele banka is responsible for the maintenance of proper accounting records, the safeguarding of the Group's assets and the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities in the Group. They are also responsible for operating the Bank in compliance with the Law on Credit Institutions, regulations of the Bank of Latvia and other legislation of the Republic of Latvia and European Union applicable for credit institutions.

Management Board of AS Citadele banka on 14 August 2024 and Supervisory Board of AS Citadele banka on 29 August 2024 executed a power of attorney appointing Rūta Ežerskienė empowering her to sign this report on their behalf. This document is signed using a qualified electronic signature by Rūta Ežerskienė on 30 August 2024.

Rūta Ežerskienė

Chair of the Management Board

AS Citadele banka Interim financial statements | Condensed statement of income

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF INCOME

	_				EUR tho	usands			
			Gro	_			Ва		
	Note	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Interest income calculated using the effective interest method Other interest income	5 5	83,513 41,639	,		,	,	95,113 -	56,978	50,081
Interest expense	5	(29,580)					(18,388)	(14,688)	(9,608)
Net interest income		95,572	· · · · · ·				· · · · · ·	• •	
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense Net fee and commission income	6	34,177 (16,979) 17,198	(16,407)	(8,994)	(8,546)		(15,014)	, ,	20,177 (7,838) 12,339
Net financial income Net other income / (expense)	7 8	4,113 (812)	,			,			
Operating income		116,071	113,663	58,251	61,654	101,643	101,879	51,217	54,636
Staff costs Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Operating expense	9 10	(37,391) (14,498) (4,729) (56,618)	(11,287) (4,580)	(7,388) (2,421)	(5,865) (2,293)	(13,464) (4,183)	(10,124) (4,299)	(6,835) (2,142)	(5,343) (2,148)
Profit from continuous		59,453	-	29,375					32,823
operations before impairment bank tax, mortgage loan levy and non-current assets held f sale Net credit losses Other impairment losses and		6,915	3,762	4,129	5,009	10,755	1,590	7,909	3,928
other provisions		67	(24)	(5)	4	971	96	900	129
Operating profit from continuous operations before bank tax, mortgage loan levy and non-current assets held f sale		66,435				63,832	61,134	34,739	36,880
Mortgage loan levy and bank tag Result from non-current assets held for sale and discontinued		(, ,	(991)	(2,909)		,	, ,	,	(991)
operations, net of tax	17	(4,021)	(3,354)	· · · · ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(3,516)
Operating profit		57,259		•	•		56,626	-	32,373
Income tax	12	(10,390)	(3,415)	(5,169)	(2,442)	(9,648)	(3,001)	(4,843)	(2,150)
Net profit		46,869	60,735	22,467	37,505	40,034	53,625	20,958	30,223
Basic earnings / (loss) per share in EUR from continuing operations from discontinued operations	e 21	0.30 0.32 (0.03)	0.41	0.16	0.24	0.25			
Diluted earnings / (loss) per sha in EUR from continuing operations from discontinued operations	21	0.29 0.32 (0.03)	0.41	0.16	0.25	0.25			

AS Citadele banka

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	EUR thousands							
		Gro	•			Bar		
	6m 2024 (6m 2023 (Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023 (Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Net profit	46,869	60,735	22,467	37,505	40,034	53,625	20,958	30,223
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:								
Debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (continuing operations) Gains or losses transferred to profit or loss	11		11	_	11		11	_
Valuation gains or losses taken to equity	2,084	2,004	908	604	1,803	1,651	867	496
Debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (discontinued operations) Gains or losses transferred to profit								
or loss Valuation gains or losses taken to	70	336	36	11		-	-	-
equity Income tax taken to equity	149 (53)	414 (182)	183 (30)	(1) (3)	- -	-	-	-
Other reserves (discontinued operations) Foreign exchange retranslation	(569)	408	374	601				
Items that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss:	(309)	400	374	001				·
Equity and similar instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (continuing operations) Valuation gains or losses taken to equity Transfer to rotained earnings at	4	22	4	6	4	22	4	6
Transfer to retained earnings at disposal	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	1,696	3,002	1,486	1,218	1,818	1,673	882	502
Total comprehensive income	48,565	63,737	23,953	38,723	41,852	55,298	21,840	30,725



AS Citadele banka Interim financial statements | Condensed balance sheet

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

			EUR tho	usands	
		30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
		Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Assets					
Cash and cash balances at central banks	24	157,349	520,569	157,349	520,569
Loans to credit institutions		31,028	34,640		53,019
Debt securities	13	1,234,624	1,220,032	•	1,178,936
Loans to public	14	3,048,684	2,861,958		2,768,436
Equity instruments	15	1,309	1,239		1,239
Other financial instruments	15	25,921	26,372		1,235
Derivatives		1,873	1,019	1,873	1,019
Investments in related entities	16	_	248	48,597	47,939
Tangible assets		10,649	11,183	6,538	7,309
Intangible assets		8,024	8,065	5,889	6,010
Current income tax assets	12	29	81	-	-
Bank tax assets	12	985	1,777	985	1,777
Deferred income tax assets	12	450	714	360	579
Discontinued operations and non-current	17				
assets held for sale	17	113,123	132,574	7,162	12,788
Other assets		50,237	42,865	38,668	35,369
Total assets		4,684,285	4,863,336	4,467,196	4,636,224
					_
Liabilities					
Deposits from credit institutions and central	40				
banks	18	7,942	47,434	26,697	66,994
Deposits and borrowings from customers	19	3,693,732	3,829,582	3,671,091	3,799,406
Debt securities issued	20	281,488	259,560	281,488	259,560
Derivatives		1,066	3,331	1,066	3,331
Provisions	11	3,137	4,899	2,975	4,839
Current income tax liabilities	12	9,516	17,696	9,094	17,247
Deferred income tax liabilities	12	375	375	-	-
Discontinued operations	17	105,881	121,660	-	-
Other liabilities		66,315	63,404	29,107	31,894
Total liabilities		4,169,452	4,347,941	4,021,518	4,183,271
Equity					
Share capital	21	158,178	158,145	158,178	158,145
Reserves and other capital components	21	3,061	(92)	(2,624)	(5,899)
Retained earnings		353,594	357,342		300,707
Total equity		514,833	515,395	·	452,953
• •		014,000			
Total liabilities and equity		4,684,285	4,863,336	4,467,196	4,636,224
Off-balance sheet items					
Guarantees and letters of credit	22	70,166	57,085	78,269	64,903
Financial commitments	22	396,424	359,360	380,672	377,276

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Group,	EUR	thousa	ands
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	Issued share capital	Share premium	Securities fair value revaluation reserve (Note 13)	Foreign currency retrans- lation	Share based payments	Retained earnings	Total equity
Balance as of 31/12/2022 (restated for IFRS 17)	157,258	444	(20,343)	5,939	2,902	273,446	419,646
Dividends to shareholders (<i>Note 21</i>) Share repurchase	(2)	(2)	-	-	-	(20,000)	(20,000) (4)
Share based payments to employees (Note 9 and Note 21)	-	-	-	-	1,117	15	1,132
Total comprehensive income Net result for the period	- -	<i>-</i>	2,594 -	408 -	- -	60,735 60,735	63,737 60,735
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	-	-	2,594	408	-	-	3,002
Balance as of 30/06/2023	157,256	442	(17,749)	6,347	4,019	314,196	464,511
Balance as of 31/12/2023	158,145	1,175	(12,531)	7,689	3,575	357,342	515,395
Dividends to shareholders (Note 21)	-	-	-	-	-	(50,617)	(50,617)
Share based payments (Note 9 and Note 21)	33	120	-	-	1,337	-	1,490
Total comprehensive income	-	-	2,265	(569)	-	46,869	48,565
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	-	-	2,265	(569)	-	46,869	46,869 1,696
Balance as of 30/06/2024	158,178	1,295	(10,266)	7,120	4,912	353,594	514,833

Bank, EUR thousands

	Burk, Lort mousures						
	Issued share capital	Share premium	Securities fair value revaluation reserve (Note 13)	Share based payments	Retained earnings	Total equity	
Balance as of 31/12/2022	157,258	444	(16,297)	2,902	228,898	373,205	
Dividends to shareholders (<i>Note 21</i>) Share repurchase Share based payments to employees (Note 9 and Note 21)	(2)	(2) - 	- - 1,117	(20,000) - 15	(20,000) (4) 1,132	
Total comprehensive income Net result for the period Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	- - -		1,673 1,673	-	53,625 53,625	55,298 53,625 1,673	
Balance as of 30/06/2023	157,256	442	(14,624)	4,019	262,538	409,631	
Balance as of 31/12/2023	158,145	1,175	(10,649)	3,575	300,707	452,953	
Dividends to shareholders (<i>Note 21</i>) Share based payments (Note 9 and Note 21)	33	120) -	- 1,337	(50,617)	(50,617) 1,490	
Total comprehensive income Net result for the period Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the	- -		- 1,818 - 1,818	-	40,034 40,034	41,852 40,034 1,818	
period Balance as of 30/06/2024	158,178	1,295	6 (8,831)	4,912	290,124	445,678	



AS Citadele banka

Interim financial statements | Condensed statement of cash flows

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		EUR thousands				
		6m 2024	6m 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	
	Note	Group	Group	Bank	Bank	
Operating activities						
Operating profit before tax (discontinued net of tax and continuing)		57,259	64,150	49,682	56,626	
Tax expense from discontinued operations	17	5	28	-	-	
Interest income	5, 17	(127,036)	(108,111)	(112,945)	(95,113)	
Interest expense	5, 17	29,680	18,230	30,320	18,388	
Dividends income		(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	
Depreciation and amortisation		4,991	4,923	4,183	4,299	
Impairment allowances and provisions		(5,715)		(2,660)	(1,686)	
Currency translation and other non-cash items		1,700	(10,378)	1,939	5,574	
Cash flows from the income statement		(39,127)	(33,579)	(29,492)	(11,922)	
(Increase) / decrease in loans to public		(181,953)	25,069	(178,399)	49,304	
Increase / (decrease) in deposits and		(155,912)	(163,958)	(130,416)	(143,224)	
borrowings from customers (Increase) / decrease in loans to credit						
institutions		2,453	(721)	5,687	497	
Increase / (decrease) in deposits from central						
banks and credit institutions		(38,750)	(425,309)	(58,130)	(433,187)	
(Increase) / decrease in other items at fair		(2.110)	(7.167)	(2.110)	(7.167)	
value through profit or loss		(3,119)	(7,167)	(3,119)	(7,167)	
(Increase) / decrease in other assets		13,734	4,128	(2,408)	(658)	
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities		(15,075)	(6,160)	(1,015)	(1,729)	
Cash flows from operating activities before interest and corporate income tax		(417,749)	(607,697)	(397,292)	(548,086)	
Interest received		126,274	107,081	112,659	94,314	
Interest paid		(24,887)	(7,020)	(25,604)	(7,037)	
Corporate income tax paid		(18,483)	(3,816)	(17,801)	(880)	
Cash flows from operating activities		(334,845)	(511,452)	(328,038)	(461,689)	
Investing activities						
Acquisition of tangible and intangible assets		(5,117)	(2,853)	(3,044)	(2,157)	
Disposal of tangible and intangible assets		875	1,004	7	14	
Investments in debt securities and other		(64 607)	(90.100)	(60.976)	(00 107)	
financial instruments		(64,607)	(89,108)	(60,876)	(88,127)	
Proceeds from debt securities and other		57,408	421,048	45,910	365,794	
financial instruments		·				
Dividends received		11	10	(2.050)	10	
Sale or investments in subsidiaries		(44, 420)	220 404	(3,058)	275 524	
Cash flows from investing activities		(11,430)	330,101	(21,050)	275,534	
Financing activities		(50.750)	(00)	(50.750)	(00)	
Dividends paid		(50,756)	(86)	(50,756)	(86)	
Proceeds from issue of debt securities		19,760	(4.740)	19,760	(4.740)	
Interest paid on debt securities issued		(1,725)	(1,716)	(1,725)	(1,716)	
Share repurchase Repayment of lease liabilities		(1,820)	(4) (1,420)	- (1,631)	(4) (1,211)	
Cash flows from financing activities		(34,541)	· · · · · ·	(34,352)	(3,017)	
Cash flows for the period						
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of		(380,816)	(184,577)	(383,440)	(189,172)	
the period		545,654	581,644	520,844	544,995	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	24	164,838	397,067	137,404	355,823	

The Group has elected to present a statement of cash flows that includes both continuing and discontinued operations within operating, investing and financing activities. For more details on discontinued operations refer to note *Discontinued Operations and Non-current* assets held for sale.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

If not mentioned otherwise, referral to the Group's policies and procedures should be also considered as referral to the respective Bank's policies and procedures. Figures in parenthesis represent amounts as of 31 December 2023 or for the six months period ended 30 June 2023.

NOTE 1. AUTHORISATION OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These interim condensed financial statements have been authorised for issuance by the Management Board and comprise the financial information of AS Citadele banka (hereinafter – the Bank or Citadele) and its subsidiaries (together – the Group).

NOTE 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

Citadele is a Latvian-based full-service financial group offering a wide range of banking products to retail, SME and corporate customer base as well as wealth management, asset management, life insurance, pension, leasing and factoring products. Alongside traditional banking services, Citadele offers a range of services based on next-generation financial technology, including a modern mobile application, contactless and instant payments, modern client onboarding practices and technologically-enabled best-in-class customer service.

As of period end the Bank operates branches in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia. AS Citadele banka is the parent company of the Group. The Group's main market is the Baltics (Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia). Citadele was registered as a joint stock company on 30 June 2010. Citadele commenced its operations on 1 August 2010.

As of 30 June 2024, the Group had 1,378 (2023: 1,329) and the Bank had 1,135 (2023: 1,097) full time equivalent active employees. From total Group's full time equivalent active employees 31 (2023: 28) were with discontinued operations.

The legal address of AS Citadele banka is Republikas laukums 2A, Riga, LV-1010, Latvia. Domicile of the entity is Latvia, country of incorporation is Latvia. Legal form is stock company (in Latvian "akciju sabiedrība").

NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation

These interim condensed financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting as adopted by European Union (EU) on a going concern basis. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of changes in financial position and performance of the Group and the Bank since the last annual consolidated and Bank financial statements. These interim condensed financial statements do not include all information required for a complete set of financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS accounting standards as adopted by the European Union. This interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the 2023 annual financial statements for the Group and the Bank. Except as described below, the accounting policies applied in these interim condensed financial statements are the same as those applied in the Group's and the Bank's financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Management considers going concern basis of accounting appropriate in preparing these interim condensed financial statements; there are no material uncertainties in applying going concern basis of accounting. The Group's financial and capital position, business activities, its risk management objectives and policies and the major risks to which the Group is exposed to are disclosed in the Risk Management section of these interim condensed financial statements. Liquidity risk management is particularly important in respect to the going concern convention, as a failure to have a sufficient funding to meet payment obligations due may result in an extraordinary borrowing at excessive cost, regulatory requirement breach, delays in day-to-day settlements activities or cause the Group to no longer be a going concern; for more details refer to Liquidity risk management section. Regulatory compliance, especially capital adequacy requirements, is also significant to the going concern of the Group. The Group conducts and plans business in accordance with the available capital and in line with other regulatory requirements. For capital adequacy ratios as at period end refer to the Capital management section. The Group has implemented a comprehensive liquidity risk management and capital planning framework and policies and procedures to manage other risks.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS accounting standards as adopted by the EU requires use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the Management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from the estimated. For more details refer to the paragraph *Use of estimates and judgements in the preparation of financial statements*.

b) New standards and amendments

New standards, interpretations and amendments which were not applicable to the previous annual financial statements have been issued. Some of the standards become effective in 2024, others become effective for later reporting periods. In this section those relevant for the Group are summarised. Where the implementation impact was or is expected to be reasonably material it is disclosed.

New requirements effective for 2024 which did not have a significant effect to the Group

Amendments to IAS 1 – Classification of liabilities as current or non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants Amendments to IFRS 16 – Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 – Supplier Finance Arrangements

Upcoming requirements not in force for current reporting period

Certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been endorsed by EU for the accounting periods beginning after 1 January 2024 or are not yet effective in the EU. These standards have not been applied in preparing these interim condensed financial statements. The Group does not plan to adopt any of these standards early. The Group is in the process of evaluating the potential effect if any of changes arise from these new standards and interpretations.

Amendments to IAS 21 - Lack of Exchangeability

IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture IFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

Amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)

With the implementation of the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), the adoption of ESRS standards has become mandatory starting from 2024 annual reporting cycle. The new directive updates the rules on the social, environmental and governance information that has to be reported, including introducing a double materiality perspective acknowledging risks and opportunities from both financial and nonfinancial perspectives, how these affect Citadele and how operations of Citadele affect the environment and the society.

c) Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's consolidated entities is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the Bank, its Baltic subsidiaries, and the Group's presentation currency, is Euro ("EUR"). The functional currency of majority of the Group's foreign subsidiaries is also Euro. The accompanying financial statements are presented in thousands of Euros.

d) Use of estimates and judgements in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS accounting standards as adopted by EU, requires Management to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingencies. The Management has applied reasonable and prudent estimates and judgments in preparing these interim condensed financial statements. Significant areas of estimation used in the preparation of the accompanying interim condensed financial statements relate to the evaluation of impairment losses for financial and non-financial assets. Critical judgements made in the preparation of the accompanying interim condensed financial statements relate to the determination of whether the group has control over certain investees for consolidation purposes, and the determination of whether Kaleido Privatbank AG constitutes a discontinued operation held for sale.

Impairment of loans to public, loan commitments, financial guarantee contracts and finance lease receivables

The Group regularly reviews its loans to public, loan commitments, financial guarantee contracts and finance lease receivables for assessment of impairment. The estimation of impairment losses is inherently uncertain and dependent upon many factors. Two distinct approaches are applied for expected credit loss estimation – individual evaluation, mostly applied to large exposures, and collectively estimated expected credit losses for homogeneous groups of smaller exposures.

On an on-going basis expected credit losses are identified promptly as a result of large lending exposures being individually monitored. For these exposures expected credit losses are calculated on an individual basis with reference to expected future cash flows including those arising from the sale of collateral. The Group uses its experienced judgement to estimate the amount of any expected credit losses considering future economic conditions and the resulting trading performance of the borrower and the value of collateral. As a result, the individually assessed expected credit losses can be subject to variation as time progresses and the circumstances change, or new information becomes available. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between expected credit loss estimates and actual credit loss experience.

Changes in net present value of estimated future cash flows, except for changes in cash flows from collateral, by +/-5% for loans to



public for which expected credit losses are individually assessed would change insignificantly – by EUR +/- 0.02 million in impairment allowance for the Bank (2023: EUR 0.00 million) as recovery estimates mostly happen to be based solely on collateral disposal income and EUR +/-0.28 million for the Group (2023: EUR +/-0.10 million). Change in estimated value of collateral by +/-5% for loans to public for which expected credit losses are individually assessed would result in EUR +/-0.18 million change in impairment allowance for the Bank (2023: EUR +/-0.20 million) and EUR +/-0.64 million for the Group (2023: EUR +/-0.40 million).

For majority of the loans to public, loan commitments, financial guarantee contracts and finance lease receivables the Group collectively estimates impairment allowance to cover expected losses inherent in the portfolio. The collective impairment assessment is based on observable data derived from historic and applied to current exposures to clients with similar credit risk characteristics. For this assessment exposures to clients are segmented into homogeneous groups based on product type (mortgage, consumer loan, leases etc.) and customer type (private individual, legal entity, public entity etc.). Historical loss experience is adjusted for current observable market data using the Group's experienced judgement to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently. The major parameters of the collectively assessed expected credit loss calculation methodology are PD, LGD, EAD and staging outcome. The model also incorporates forward-looking macroeconomic information to arrive to point in time instead of over the cycle expected credit loss estimates. The future credit quality of the portfolio for which the expected credit losses are estimated collective is subject to uncertainties that could cause actual credit losses to differ from expected credit losses. These uncertainties include factors such as international and local economic conditions, borrower specific factors, industry and market trends, interest rates, unemployment rates and other external factors.

In the reporting period the management continued to recognize impairment overlay. Impairment overlay continued amortizing within existing framework with the exposures being repaid or moving to different stages where ECL models capture credit risk. The Group and the Bank has recognised an unbiased impairment overlay for Stage 1 classified loans to public exposures, including extra overlay for Stage 1 agriculture sector exposures which have been negatively affected by external factors and an individual overlay for certain other Stage 2 classified exposures. The impairment overlay represents an additional loss reserve over the modelled ECL amounts to account for other economic uncertainties and addresses uncertainty regarding the forward-looking economic conditions and possible disruptions to the Baltic economies and customers of the Group. The impairment overlay accounted for economic risks which point in time ECL models calibrated on historical data, despite being adjusted with forward-looking information, might not be fully capturing in the current unusual environment. As of the period end, impairment overlay (which continued amortizing within existing framework) of EUR 10.6 million for the Bank (2023: EUR 11.3 million) and EUR 14.1 million for the Group has been recognised to address these modelling uncertainties (2023: EUR 17.5 million).

Changes in all applied LGD rates by 500 basis points would result in change in collectively estimated impairment allowance and provisions by EUR +3.9/-3.9 million for the Bank and EUR +6.4/-6.4 million for the Group (2023: EUR +5.1/-5.2 million for the Bank and EUR +7.5/-7.6 million for the Group). Sensitivity to changes in LGD rates has decreased largely due to recent updates in methodology and models. Changes in the 12-month PD rates by 100 basis points would result in change in collectively estimated impairment allowance and provisions for off-balance sheet commitments and guarantees by EUR +5.6/-5.6 million for the Bank and EUR +8.9/-8.9 million for the Group (2023: EUR +6.3/-6.3 million for the Bank and EUR +9.0/-9.0 million).

The Group includes forward-looking information in the measurement of expected credit losses. The forward-looking adjustment incorporates three economic scenarios with distinct economic consequences: a base case scenario which comprises most likely future economic development, a less likely adverse scenario and positive scenario. The GDP annual growth rates, which are derived from a combination of internal and external macroeconomic forecasts, are one of the key variables.

Key forward-looking information variables for measurement of expected credit losses as of 30 June 2024

	Base case scenario		Adve	rse scen	ario	Positive scenario			
	2024	2025	2026	2024	2025	2026	2024	2025	2026
Latvia									
GDP (annual change)	3.0%	2.7%	2.7%	0.0%	2.7%	3.0%	5.1%	2.7%	2.5%
Unemployment rate	6.4%	5.7%	5.1%	8.3%	7.1%	6.2%	5.2%	5.0%	4.6%
Average gross wage (annual change)	6.2%	5.1%	5.2%	3.9%	4.9%	5.3%	7.7%	5.3%	5.2%
Lithuania									
GDP (annual change)	2.6%	2.9%	2.7%	(0.4%)	2.9%	3.0%	4.6%	2.9%	2.5%
Unemployment rate	6.5%	5.8%	5.2%	8.4%	7.1%	6.3%	5.3%	5.0%	4.6%
Average gross wage (annual change)	6.3%	5.5%	5.3%	4.1%	5.2%	5.4%	7.9%	5.6%	5.3%
Estonia									
GDP (annual change)	1.7%	2.9%	2.7%	(1.3%)	2.9%	3.0%	3.8%	2.9%	2.5%
Unemployment rate	6.8%	6.0%	5.2%	8.7%	7.3%	6.3%	5.6%	5.2%	4.6%
Average gross wage (annual change)	5.8%	5.5%	5.2%	3.5%	5.3%	5.3%	7.3%	5.7%	5.2%



Key forward-looking information variables for measurement of expected credit losses as of 31 December 2023

_	Base case scenario		Adverse scenario			Positive scenario			
	2024	2025	2026	2024	2025	2026	2024	2025	2026
Latvia									
GDP (annual change)	2.0%	2.8%	2.7%	(0.9%)	2.8%	3.0%	4.1%	2.8%	2.5%
Unemployment rate	6.5%	5.6%	5.1%	8.4%	6.9%	6.2%	5.1%	4.7%	4.4%
Average gross wage (annual change)	7.0%	5.2%	5.2%	4.8%	5.0%	5.2%	8.6%	5.4%	5.2%
Lithuania									
GDP (annual change)	2.0%	3.0%	2.8%	(0.9%)	3.0%	3.0%	4.1%	3.0%	2.6%
Unemployment rate	6.0%	5.2%	4.8%	7.9%	6.6%	5.8%	4.6%	4.3%	4.1%
Average gross wage (annual change)	7.0%	5.4%	5.3%	4.7%	5.2%	5.3%	8.5%	5.6%	5.3%
Estonia									
GDP (annual change)	2.3%	3.0%	2.8%	(0.6%)	3.0%	3.0%	4.4%	3.0%	2.6%
Unemployment rate	6.7%	5.6%	5.0%	8.6%	6.9%	6.1%	5.3%	4.7%	4.3%
Average gross wage (annual change)	6.1%	5.7%	5.4%	3.9%	5.4%	5.4%	7.6%	5.8%	5.3%

The current forward-looking adjustment, based on an expert judgement, weights base case scenario with 50% likelihood, the adverse scenario at 45% likelihood and positive scenario at 5% likelihood (2023: 50% base case scenario, 45% adverse scenario and 5% positive scenario). The 50% / 45% / 5% weighted augmented scenario is used for forward-looking adjustment. If the weighting of the adverse scenario was to increase by 5 percent points, the expected credit loss allowance of the Bank would increase EUR 0.5 million and for the Group by EUR 1.0 million as of the period end. If the weighting of the base case scenario was to increase to 100%, the expected credit loss allowance of the Bank would decrease by EUR 5.5 million and for the Group by EUR 8.1 million as of the period end. If as of 31 December 2023 the weighting of the adverse scenario was to increase by 5 percent points, the expected credit loss allowance of the Bank would increase by EUR 0.8 million and for the Group by EUR 1.0 million. If as of 31 December 2023 the weighting of the base case scenario was to increase to 100%, the expected credit loss allowance of the Bank would decrease by EUR 6.5 million and for the Group by EUR 8.6 million.

In the reporting period changes to ECL models were introduced. For more details on these, refer to note Net Credit Losses.

Impairment of non-financial assets and recoverability of non-current assets held for sale

Citadele at the end of each reporting period assesses whether there is any indication that Bank's investments in subsidiaries may be impaired; this also includes an investment in subsidiary classified as held for sale and non-financial assets of discontinued operations. For investments, where such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the particular asset or cash generating unit is estimate. Recoverable amount estimates depend on uncertainties in future free cash flow estimates and discount rates applied or estimated sales proceeds. For more details on the approach and key assumptions in recoverable amount estimates of the Bank's investments in subsidiaries refer to note *Investments in Related Entities*. For assessment of fair value less cost to sell for these items classified as held for sale refer to note *Discontinued Operations and Non-current assets held for sale*.

Consolidation group

The Group consolidates all entities where it controls the investee. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. For list of investees included in the consolidation group refer to note *Investments in Related Entities*.

In the ordinary course of business IPAS CBL Asset Management (a subsidiary of the Bank) provides management services to funds where its interest held is mainly fees from servicing. The Group and the Bank have made some investments solely with a view to diversify its securities portfolio in such funds. Most of these investments are held by unit-linked investors through the insurance entity, thus the holdings do not translate into variable benefits for the Group. The Group thus assesses that the majority of return variability within funds lies with its customers rather than the Group. Thus, these funds are not consolidated. For investments in securities which are not consolidated refer to note *Equity and Other Financial Instruments*.

Presentation of Kaleido Privatbank AG as discontinued operations held for sale

AS Citadele banka is selling its Swiss subsidiary Kaleido Privatbank AG under market standard terms and conditions. At the end of 2023 it was concluded that successful execution of the previous sales-purchase agreement is no longer feasible, and the contract was terminated. The Group is working with a reputable M&A advisor on an alternative sales transaction. As the conditions indicate that the investment will be recovered principally through a sale transaction in a foreseeable future rather than through continuing operations, Kaleido Privatbank AG is presented as discontinued operations as of period end. Citadele has received several offers and is working with potential buyers, to agree on transaction, and has taken steps to improve certainty that regulatory approval for potential sale will be obtained.

NOTE 4. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker is the person or the group that allocates resources to and assesses the performance of the operating segments of the Group. The Management Board of the Bank is the chief operating decision maker.

All transactions between operating segments are on an arm's length basis. Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) adjusted net interest income of each operating segment is calculated by applying internal transfer rates to the assets and the liabilities of the segment. Maturity, currency and timing of the transaction are components of the internal transfer rate calculation. Income and expense are reported in the segment by originating unit and at estimated fair price. Both direct and indirect expenses are allocated to the business segments, including overheads and non-recurring items. The indirect expense from internal services is charged to the internal consumers of the service and credited to provider of the service. The internal services are charged at estimated fair price or at full cost.

The comparative information as of 31 December 2023 and for the six months ended 30 June 2023 has been restated for comparability by applying the most recent segmentation methodology. Changes mostly relate to redistribution of exposures and related income and expense among segments as a result of reallocation of clients among operating segments.

Main business segments of the Group are:

Retail Private

Private individuals serviced in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia. Operations of the segment include full banking, leasing and advisory services provided through branches, internet bank and mobile banking application.

Private affluent

Private banking services provided to clients serviced in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia.

SME

Small and medium-sized companies in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia serviced through branches, internet bank and mobile banking application.

Corporate

Large customers serviced in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia. Yearly turnover of the customer is above EUR 15 million or total risk exposure with Citadele Group is above EUR 5 million or the customer needs complex financing solutions.

Asset management

Advisory, investment and wealth management services provided to clients serviced in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia. This segment includes operations of IPAS CBL Asset Management, AS CBL Atklātais Pensiju Fonds and AAS CBL Life.

Other

Group's treasury functions and other business support functions, including results of the subsidiary of the Group operating in non-financial sector. This comprises discontinued operations, namely operations of Kaleido Privatbank AG (a Swiss registered banking subsidiary) which is for sell.



Segments of the Group

Group 6m 2024, EUR thousands

		Rep	ortable s	egments			
	Retail Private	Private affluent	SME	Corporate	Asset Manage- ment	Other	Total
Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	46,584 (8,574) 38,010	1,691 (2,317) (626)	37,251 (4,343) 32,908	26,482 (13,098) 13,384	435 (228) 207	12,709 (1,020) 11,689	125,152 (29,580) 95,572
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense Net fee and commission income	13,252 (6,985) 6,267	1,778 (538) 1,240	9,928 (4,875) 5,053	5,101 (3,763) 1,338	3,180 (119) 3,061	938 (699) 239	34,177 (16,979) 17,198
Net financial income Net other income / (expense)	99 (951)	173 (92)	1,317 (174)	(363) (80)	42 380	2,845 105	4,113 (812)
Operating income	43,425	695	39,104	14,279	3,690	14,878	116,071
Net funding allocation FTP adjusted operating income	(203) 43,222	5,078 5,773	(6,635) 32,469	1,277 15,556	393 4,083	90 14,968	- 116,071
Operating expense adjusted for indirect costs Net credit losses Other impairment losses and other provisions Mortgage loan levy and bank tax Result from non-current assets held for sale (Note 17)	(22,249) 310 (5) -	(1,665) 230 (3) -	(14,957) (247) (14) -	(11,384) 6,502 (10) -	(3,290) 7 - -	(3,073) 113 99 (5,155) 49	(56,618) 6,915 67 (5,155) 49
Operating profit from continuous operations, before tax Discontinued operations (Note 17) Operating profit, before tax	21,278	4,335	17,251	10,664	800	7,001	61,329 (4,070) 57,259

Group 6m 2023, EUR thousands (Restated for comparability)

	Gio	up on 202	23, EUK 1	ilousalius (K	estated for C	omparabili	ty)
		Rep	ortable s	egments		-	
	Retail Private	Private affluent	SME	Corporate	Asset Manage- ment	Other	Total
Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	37,951 (3,875) 34,076	, ,	31,184 (2,317) 28,867	24,944 (6,199) 18,745	441 (77) 364	10,222 (4,761) 5,461	106,190 (18,226) 87,964
Net interest income	34,076	451	20,007	10,745	364	5,461	07,964
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense Net fee and commission income	15,981 (7,648) 8,333	, ,	10,313 (4,898) 5,415	5,192 (3,182) 2,010	3,068 (127) 2,941	952 100 1,052	37,363 (16,407) 20,956
Net financial income Net other income / (expense)	494 (909)	383 (132)	1,626 (252)	312 (291)	209 (28)	3,158 173	6,182 (1,439)
Operating income	41,994	1,907	35,656	20,776	3,486	9,844	113,663
Net funding allocation FTP adjusted operating income	804 42,798	4,296 6,203	(2,743) 32,913	(798) 19,978	289 3,775	(1,848) 7,996	113,663
Operating expense adjusted for indirect costs Net credit losses Other impairment losses and other provisions Mortgage loan levy and bank tax Result from non-current assets held for sale (Note 17)	(19,829) (1,733) 15 -	(31)	(12,675) 2,258 2 -	2,800	(2,532) (4) - -	(1,550) 472 4 (991) 411	(48,906) 3,762 (24) (991) 410
Operating profit from continuous operations, before tax	21,251	4,127	22,498	12,457	1,239	6,342	67,914
Discontinued operations (Note 17)						_	(3,764)
Operating profit, before tax						_	64,150



		Gı	oup as of	30/06/2024, I	EUR thousan	nds	
		Report	able segr	nents		Other	
	Retail Private	Private affluent	SME	Corporate	Asset Manage- ment	(including discontinued operations)	Total
Assets							
Cash, balances at central banks	-	-	-	-	-	157,349	157,349
Loans to credit institutions	-	-	-	84	681	30,263	31,028
Debt securities	-	-	-	37,871	39,461	1,157,292	1,234,624
Loans to public	1,247,590	49,695	991,075	748,972	-	11,352	3,048,684
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	1,309	1,309
Other financial instruments	-	-	-	-	24,631	1,290	25,921
All other assets	-	-	34	26	4,373	180,937	185,370
Total segmented assets	1,247,590	49,695	991,109	786,953	69,146	1,539,792	4,684,285
Liabilities							
Deposits from banks	-	-	-	-	-	7,942	7,942
Deposits from customers	1,562,584	375,836	797,076	856,206	77,502	24,528	3,693,732
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	281,488	281,488
All other liabilities	-	-	-	36	17,133	169,121	186,290
Total segmented liabilities	1,562,584	375,836	797,076	856,242	94,635	483,079	4,169,452

Group as of 31/12/2023, EUR thousands (Restated for comparability)

		Report	able segr	nents		Other	
	Retail Private	Private affluent	SME	Corporate	Asset Manage- ment	(including discontinued operations)	Total
Assets							
Cash, balances at central banks	-	-	-	-	-	520,569	520,569
Loans to credit institutions	-	-	-	88	623	33,929	34,640
Debt securities	-	-	-	35,501	41,096	1,143,435	1,220,032
Loans to public	1,203,749	50,391	900,284	697,645	720	9,169	2,861,958
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	1,239	1,239
Other financial instruments	-	-	-	-	25,137	1,235	26,372
All other assets	-	-	12	51	3,962	194,501	198,526
Total segmented assets	1,203,749	50,391	900,296	733,285	71,538	1,904,077	4,863,336
Liabilities							
Deposits from banks	-	-	-	-	-	47,434	47,434
Deposits from customers	1,536,846	374,726	870,795	924,899	95,706	26,610	3,829,582
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	259,560	259,560
All other liabilities	-	-	9	8	16,769	194,579	211,365
Total segmented liabilities	1,536,846	374,726	870,804	924,907	112,475	528,183	4,347,941

NOTE 5. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE

	EUR thousands							
		Gro	up			Ва	nk	
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Interest income calculated using the effective								
interest method:								
Financial instruments at amortised cost:								
Loans to public	69,800	59,838	35,992	31,263	99,097	84,204	50,805	43,617
Balances to/from central banks and credit								
institutions (incl. TLTRO-III)	7,165	6,479	2,687	4,076	7,732		2,950	4,076
Debt securities	4,689	4,018	2,424	2,203	4,627	3,994	2,393	2,179
Deposits from public at negative interest								
rates	285	353	139	174	24	42	12	20
Debt securities at fair value through profit or								
loss	1,168	-	678	-	1,158	-	668	-
Debt securities at fair value through other								
comprehensive income	406	500	198	229	307	394	150	189
Interest income on finance leases (part of								
loans to public)	41,639	35,002	20,818		-	-	-	-
Total interest income	125,152	106,190	62,936	56,907	112,945	95,113	56,978	50,081
Interest expense on:				-			-	
Financial instruments at amortised cost:								
Deposits and borrowing from public	(24,461)	(9,077)	(11,909)	(4,794)	(24,809)	(9,228)	(12,078)	(4,877)
Debt securities issued	(3,714)	(3,320)	(2,049)	(1,668)	(3,714)	(3,320)	(2,049)	(1,668)
Deposits from credit institutions and	, ,	, ,	` ′	, ,	` ′	` ′	, ,	, ,
central banks (including TLTRO-III)	(770)	(4,296)	(372)	(2,249)	(1,207)	(4,349)	(559)	(2,292)
Other assets at negative interest rates	(149)	(322)	(70)	(117)	(117)	(286)	(55)	(98)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit								
or loss								
Deposits and borrowing from public	(11)	(5)	(5)	49	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	(53)	(46)	(24)	(32)	(51)	(45)	(23)	(32)
Other interest expense	(422)	(1,160)	76	(641)	(422)	(1,160)	76	(641)
Total interest expense	(29,580)	(18,226)	(14,353)	(9,452)	(30,320)	(18,388)	(14,688)	(9,608)
Net interest income	95,572	87,964	48,583	47,455	82,625	76,725	42,290	40,473

As the interest resulting from a negative effective interest rate on financial assets reflects an outflow of economic benefits, this is presented as interest expense. Similarly, an inflow of economic benefits from liabilities with negative effective interest rates is presented as interest income.

NOTE 6. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSE

				EUR tho	usands			
		Gro	up			Ва	nk	
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Fee and commission income:								
Cards	22,525	26,044	11,334	15,716	22,526	26,044	11,335	15,716
Payments and transactions	5,510	5,724	2,809	2,818	5,523	5,736	2,816	2,824
Asset management and custody	3,524	3,262	1,794	1,666	1,028	832	578	433
Securities brokerage	328	290	127	141	333	292	131	142
Other fees	1,121	1,028	542	479	971	1,035	479	493
Total fee and commission income from	33,008	36,348	16,606	20,820	30,381	33,939	15,339	19,608
contracts with customers								
Guarantees letters of credit and loans	1,169	1,015	683	437	1,121	992	652	569
Total fee and commission income	34,177	37,363	17,289	21,257	31,502	34,931	15,991	20,177
Fee and commission expense on:								
Cards	(12,186)	(12,326)	(6,274)	(6,412)	(12,186)	(12,325)	(6,274)	(6,412)
Payments and transactions	(1,992)	(1,612)	(1,033)	(902)	(1,992)	(1,612)	(1,033)	(902)
Securitisation	(1,239)	(1,826)	(637)	(915)	(432)	(550)	(141)	(259)
Asset management custody and								
securities brokerage	(478)	(370)	(257)	(158)	(476)	(368)	(257)	(158)
Other fees	(1,084)	(273)	(793)	(159)	(1,001)	(159)	(750)	(107)
Total fee and commission expense	(16,979)	(16,407)	(8,994)	(8,546)	(16,087)	(15,014)	(8,455)	(7,838)
Net fee and commission income	17,198	20,956	8,295	12,711	15,415	19,917	7,536	12,339

Fee and commission expense for securitisation represents an expense on a multi-year financial guarantee contract issued by the EIB Group, consisting of the European Investment Bank (EIB) and the European Investment Fund (EIF), to Citadele in December 2022. The guarantee contract secures probable Citadele's future losses allocated to the relevant tranche of the reference loan portfolio for a pre-agreed fee to the EIB Group. The guarantee contract provides capital relief for Citadele by mitigating specific credit risks and enables Citadele to grant at least EUR 460 million in additional loans and leases to businesses in the Baltics over a three year period.

NOTE 7. NET FINANCIAL INCOME

				EUR the	ousands					
		Gro	oup		Bank					
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023		
Foreign exchange trading, revaluation										
and related derivatives	4,577	6,087	1,871	2,340	4,573	6,192	1,854	2,532		
Non-trading assets and liabilities at fair										
value through profit or loss	916	491	22	287	940	168	121	77		
Assets at fair value through other										
comprehensive income	(11)	-	(11)	-	(11)	-	(11)	-		
Modifications in cash flows which do not										
result in derecognition	(1,369)	(396)	(298)	(396)	(1,369)	(396)	(298)	(396)		
Total net financial income	4,113	6,182	1,584	2,231	4,133	5,964	1,666	2,213		

When modification or renegotiation of contractual cash flows of a financial asset does not result in de-recognition of financial asset, the Group recognise a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Q1 2024 was characterised by competitive market environment, where more interest rates for existing loans were renegotiated down than up, resulting in EUR 1.1 million negative loan modification loss. Loan modification result is amortised back to the interest income over the remaining maturity of the loan.

NOTE 8. NET OTHER INCOME

	EUR thousands							
		Gro	oup			Ва	nk	
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Operating lease income	676	806	338	383	-	-	-	-
Dividend income	11	10	5	10	11	10	5	10
Other income	733	566	477	344	1,231	1,132	616	614
Total other income	1,420	1,382	820	737	1,242	1,142	621	624
Share of the profit or loss of investments								
accounted for using the equity method	-	12	-	12	-	12	-	12
Insurance contracts:								
Insurance revenue	614	370	304	238	-	-	-	-
Insurance expense	(133)	(111)	(53)	(106)	-	-	-	-
Financing	158	(52)	155	11	-	-	-	-
Reinsurance contracts:								
Net income / (expenses)	(63)	(46)	(34)	(24)	-	-	-	-
Financing	13	(5)	21	(13)	-	-	-	-
Net insurance result	589	156	393	106	-	-	-	-
Supervisory fees	(932)	(1,156)	(451)	(597)	(890)	(1,132)	(434)	(585)
Depreciation of assets under operating lease	(519)	(615)	(263)	(299)	-	_	-	-
Other expenses	(1,370)	(1,218)	(710)	(702)	(882)	(749)	(462)	(440)
Total other expense	(2,821)	(2,989)	(1,424)	(1,598)			(896)	(1,025)
Total net other income / (expense)	(812)	(1,439)	(211)	(743)	(530)	(727)	(275)	(389)

Other income includes net result from disposal of repossessed collaterals and other miscellaneous items which may not be considered interest or fee and commission income. Supervisory fees include annual and quarterly fees payable to Bank of Latvia, European Central Bank, Single Resolution Board and similar. These are directly dependent on the size of the banking business (mostly total assets).

NOTE 9. STAFF COSTS

Personnel costs include remuneration for work to the personnel, related social security contributions, bonuses and costs of other benefits, including accruals for the period. Health insurance, training, education and similar expenditure are presented as Other personnel expense.

				EUR the	usands			
		Gro	up		Bank			
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Remuneration:								
- management	(2,181)	(2,598)	(1,180)	(1,707)	(1,961)	(2,164)	(1,053)	(1,368)
- other personnel	(28,546)	(24,711)	(14,505)	(12,349)	(24,292)	(21,006)	(12,359)	(10,463)
Total remuneration for work	(30,727)	(27,309)	(15,685)	(14,056)	(26,253)	(23,170)	(13,412)	(11,831)
Social security and solidarity tax contributions:								
- management	(287)	(413)	(129)	(268)	(245)	(326)	(127)	(204)
- other personnel	(5,656)	(4,852)	(2,863)	(2,447)	(4,775)	(4,116)	(2,425)	(2,069)
Total social security and solidarity tax	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
contributions	(5,943)	(5,265)	(2,992)	(2,715)	(5,020)	(4,442)	(2,552)	(2,273)
Other personnel expense	(721)	(465)	(390)	(253)	(617)	(396)	(346)	(218)
Total personnel expense	(37,391)	(33,039)	(19,067)	(17,024)	(31,890)	(28,008)	(16,310)	(14,322)

Non-share-based remuneration with deferred pay-out

Part of the remuneration for work is deferred up to a one-year period and subsequent pay-outs may be conditional.

Share-based long-term incentive plans

Citadele has opened several share-based long-term incentive plans for its employees comprising share options. The expense for share-based incentive plans is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the remuneration program as intention is to receive services from employees over the whole period.

Number of full-time equivalent employees at the period end

	30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank
Continuous operations Discontinued operations	1,347 31	1,301 28	1,135	1,097
Total full-time equivalent employees	1,378	1,329	1,135	1,097

NOTE 10. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

		EUR thousands						
		Gro	up		Bank			
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Information technologies and								
communications	(4,194)	(4,046)	(2,080)	(2,036)	(3,718)	(3,547)	(1,836)	(1,788)
Consulting and other services	(4,241)	(2,839)	(2,298)	(1,638)	(4,073)	(2,530)	(2,214)	(1,549)
Advertising and marketing	(1,798)	(1,029)	(1,008)	(551)	(1,730)	(932)	(965)	(512)
Rent, premises and real estate	(1,403)	(1,298)	(708)	(601)	(1,338)	(1,230)	(676)	(571)
Non-refundable value added tax	(1,962)	(1,250)	(760)	(596)	(1,872)	(1,185)	(714)	(561)
Other	(900)	(825)	(534)	(443)	(733)	(700)	(430)	(362)
Total other expenses	(14,498)	(11,287)	(7,388)	(5,865)	(13,464)	(10,124)	(6,835)	(5,343)

NOTE 11. NET CREDIT LOSSES

Total net impairment allowance charged to the income statement

	Group			Bank				
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Loans to credit institutions	(1)	379	(1)	330	7	379	5	330
Debt securities	151	70	154	(12)	144	74	147	(8)
Loans to public	4,159	1,668	2,738	2,052	7,947	(691)	6,466	810
Loan commitments, guarantees								
and letters of credit	1,665	361	693	1,496	1,766	587	764	1,677
Recovered written-off assets	941	1,284	545	1,143	891	1,241	527	1,119
Total net losses on financial instruments	6,915	3,762	4,129	5,009	10,755	1,590	7,909	3,928

EUR thousands

Allowances for credit losses are recognised based on the future loss expectations. The forward-looking information in the measurement of expected credit losses is implemented through adjustment for future economic development scenarios. Due to the forward-looking nature of the credit loss estimation, in general the change in loss allowances does not necessarily represent an observable deterioration in the current credit quality of the loan portfolio (for detail refer to *note Loans to Public*) but is more a representation of an expectation of the future trends in the economic out-look.

The Group and the Bank has recognised an impairment overlay for Stage 1 and Stage 2 classified loans to public exposures. The impairment overlay addresses uncertainty regarding the forward-looking economic conditions in the unusual environment where severity of future economic uncertainties and associated possible disruptions to the Baltic economies and customers of the Group is undefined. The impairment overlay accounted for economic risks which point in time ECL models calibrated on historical data, despite being adjusted with forward-looking information, might not be fully capturing. See also section *Use of estimates and judgements in the preparation of financial statements* of the note *Summary of material accounting policies*.

In the reporting period several adjustments were introduced in the collective provisioning models, ranging from updates in methodology incorporating forward-looking information to improvements in LGD modelling. The updates in methodology incorporating forward-looking information include input of the most recent statistics and updates in historical data periods used which resulted in decreasing PDs most notably in the retail segment. LGD segments have been consolidated into broader groups. Updates aim to keep ECL models up-to-date and to deliver robust results, based on qualitative data and transparent methodological choices. Portfolio-wide (inflation) and industry-specific (agriculture) overlays continued amortizing within existing framework with the exposures being repaid or moving to different stages where ECL models capture credit risk. Overlays created for individually assessed groups also have decreased in the reporting period as exposures with individual overlays have moved to lower or higher stages resulting in the individually assessed overlay removal.



Classification of impairment stages

Stage 1 - Financial instruments without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition

Stage 2 - Financial instruments with significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but not credit-impaired

Stage 3 - Credit-impaired financial instruments

Changes in the allowances for credit losses and provisions

	Group, EUR thousands						
	Opening balance	Charged to statement of income		Write-offs of O	ther adjust-	Closing balance	
	01/01/2024	Origination	Repayment disposal	Credit risk, net*	allowances	ments	30/06/2024
Stage 1							
Loans to credit institutions	3	114	(124)	11	-	-	4
Debt securities	583	22	(7)	(166)	-	-	432
Loans to public	52,173	7,375	(1,762)	(14,782)	-	16	43,020
Including impairment overlay	11,262						9,717
Loan commitments, guarantees							
and letters of credit	4,502	1,288	(515)	(2,435)		3	2,843
Total stage 1 credit losses and	57,261	8,799	(2,408)	(17,372)	-	19	46,299
provisions							
Stage 2							
Loans to public	15,652	229	(1,167)	(2,729)	-	15	12,000
Including impairment overlay	6,215			, ,			2,550
Loan commitments, guarantees							
and letters of credit	157	2	(63)	106	-	-	202
Total stage 2 credit losses and provisions	15,809	231	(1,230)	(2,623)	-	15	12,202
Stage 3 and POCI							
Loans to public	31,148	_	(2,875)	11,552	(8,509)	1,223	32,539
Loan commitments, guarantees	, ,		(, ,	,	(-,,	, -	,,,,,,
and letters of credit	140	-	(442)	394	-	-	92
Total stage 3 credit losses and	31,288	=	(3,317)	11,946	(8,509)	1,223	32,631
provisions			• • •				
Total allowances for credit losses and provisions	104,358	9,030	(6,955)	(8,049)	(8,509)	1,257	91,132
Including for debt securities classified at fair value through other comprehensive income	101					_	49

For additional information on write-offs of allowances please refer to note Loans to Public.

For purchased or originated credit impaired (POCI) loans only the cumulative changes in the lifetime expected credit losses since purchase by Citadele or the most recent re-origination is recognised as a loss allowance. Favourable changes in lifetime expected credit losses are recognised as an impairment gain, even if the lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised are less than the amount of expected credit losses that were included in the estimated cash flows on the designation as POCI. For POCI loans acquired in business combinations, the initial recognition date in the Group's consolidated accounts is the purchase date of the subsidiary.



Group, EUR thousands

	Opening	Charged to statement of income		Write-offs of O	Closing		
	balance 01/01/2023	Origination	Repayment disposal	Credit risk, net*	allowances	ments	balance 30/06/2023
Stage 1			·				
Loans to credit institutions	385	1	-	(380)	-	(3)	3
Debt securities	708	11	(3)	(78)	-	-	638
Loans to public	53,284	4,796	(1,940)	(3,187)	-	(11)	52,942
Including impairment overlay	10,897						9,926
Loan commitments, guarantees							
and letters of credit	4,528	1,000	(501)	(1,035)	-	-	3,992
Total stage 1 credit losses and	58,905	5,808	(2,444)	(4,680)	-	(14)	57,575
provisions							
Stage 2							
Loans to public	16,746	162	(275)	(1,176)	-	23	15,480
Including impairment overlay	6,196						7,150
Loan commitments, guarantees							
and letters of credit	158	46	(54)	(51)	-	1	100
Total stage 2 credit losses and	16,904	208	(329)	(1,227)	-	24	15,580
provisions							
Stage 3 and POCI							
Loans to public	36,479	222	(1,775)	1,505	(4,221)	653	32,863
Loan commitments, guarantees							
and letters of credit	134	12	(55)	277	-	-	368
Total stage 3 credit losses and	36,613	234	(1,830)	1,782	(4,221)	653	33,231
provisions							
Total allowances for credit losses and provisions	112,422	6,250	(4,603)	(4,125)	(4,221)	663	106,386
Including for debt securities classified at fair value through other comprehensive income	94						90

	Bank, EUR thousands						
	Opening	Charged t	o statement o	of income	Write-offs of O	ther adjust-	Closing
	balance - 01/01/2024	Origination	Repayment disposal	Credit risk, net*	allowances	ments	balance 30/06/2024
Stage 1 Loans to credit institutions	33	113	(122)	2	-	1	27
Debt securities	558	23	(4)	(163)	-	-	414
Loans to public Including impairment overlay	40,719 <i>7,00</i> 2	4,785	(1,089)	(12,838)	-	-	31,577 6,318
Loan commitments, guarantees and letters of credit	4,455	1,252	(568)	(2,458)	_	1	2,682
Total stage 1 credit losses and provisions	45,765	6,173	(1,783)	(15,457)		2	34,700
Stage 2 Loans to public Including impairment overlay	9,942 <i>4</i> ,303	123	(164)	(3,232)	-	-	6,669 2,472
Loan commitments, guarantees and letters of credit	144	2	(63)	117	_	_	200
Total stage 2 credit losses and provisions	10,086	125	(227)	(3,115)	-	-	6,869
Stage 3 and POCI Loans to public Loan commitments, guarantees	28,827	-	(1,134)	5,602	(8,004)	690	25,981
and letters of credit	141	-	(442)	394	-	-	93
Total stage 3 credit losses and provisions	28,968	-	(1,576)	5,996	(8,004)	690	26,074
Total allowances for credit losses and provisions	84,819	6,298	(3,586)	(12,576)	(8,004)	692	67,643
Including for debt securities classified at fair value through other comprehensive income	82						35

•	Opening	Charged to statement of income		Write-offs of O	Closing			
	balance 01/01/2023	Origination	Repayment disposal	Credit risk, net*	allowances ments		balance 30/06/2023	
Stage 1			-					
Loans to credit institutions	385	-	-	(379)	-	(4)	2	
Debt securities	686		(3)	(80)	-	1	613	
Loans to public	41,130	2,948	(1,193)	(254)	-	(1)	42,630	
Including impairment overlay	7,705						7,126	
Loan commitments, guarantees								
and letters of credit	4,498	1,078	(519)	(1,074)	-	-	3,983	
Total stage 1 credit losses and	46,699	4,035	(1,715)	(1,787)	-	(4)	47,228	
provisions								
Stage 2								
Loans to public	13,421	88	(77)	(1,489)	-	(1)	11,942	
Including impairment overlay	6,189		, ,	,		. ,	7,150	
Loan commitments, guarantees								
and letters of credit	115	46	(54)	(8)	-	1	100	
Total stage 2 credit losses and	13,536	134					12,042	
provisions								
Stage 3 and POCI								
Loans to public	33,573	106	(1,037)	1,599	(4,153)	(429)	29,659	
Loan commitments, guarantees	,		, ,	,	(, ,	,	,	
and letters of credit	125	5	(55)	(6)	-	(1)	68	
Total stage 3 credit losses and	33,698	111	(1,092)	1,593	(4,153)	(430)	29,727	
provisions								
Total allowances for credit losses and provisions	93,933	4,280	(2,938)	(1,691)	(4,153)	(434)	88,997	
Including for debt securities classified at fair value through other comprehensive income	72						70	

^{*} Credit risk, net movement represents the effects on ECLs from exposure movements between the credit risk stages, revision of assumptions of ECL models as well as post model adjustments.

Transfers of gross loans to customers between impairment stages

Group, EUR thousands

	Transfers between impairment stages of gross exposures (gross transfer basis)						
	from Stage 1 to Stage 2	from Stage 2 to Stage 1	from Stage 2 to Stage 3	from Stage 3 to Stage 2	from Stage 1 to Stage 3	from Stage 3 to Stage 1	
sfers during 6m 2024 pans to public	106,464	63,175	13,008	2,051	8,484	408	
ncial commitments, guarantees and rs of credit	5,737	1,181	4,316	2	54	20	
sfers during 6m 2023							
ans to public	75,689	114,806	18,158	2,566	2,746	1,914	
ancial commitments, guarantees and ers of credit	3,533	11,136	8	48	87	58	

NOTE 12. TAXATION

Corporate income tax expense

		EUR thousands						
		Group			Bank			
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Current corporate income tax	(10,126)	(1,408)	(5,281)	(1,023)	(9,429)	(1,120)	(4,959)	(767)
Deferred income tax	(264)	(2,007)	112	(1,419)	(219)	(1,881)	116	(1,383)
Total corporate income tax expense	(10,390)	(3,415)	(5,169)	(2,442)	(9,648)	(3,001)	(4,843)	(2,150)
Mortgage loan levy and bank tax	(5,155)	(991)	(2,909)	(991)	(5,134)	(991)	(2,899)	(991)



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Interim financial statements | Notes

In Q4 2023 a change in corporate income tax (CIT) legislation was introduced in Latvia stipulating an advance CIT payable at 20% rate on unadjusted accounting profits of the Latvian banking and leasing operations, with the advance paid being eligible to fully offset dividend distribution tax with no expiry date.

Previously in Latvia corporate income tax (CIT) was payable when the profits were distributed, not when the profits were earned. The Q4 2023 changes in the tax legislation require advance payment of CIT based on profits earned in Latvia in 2023, 2024 and future periods. These CIT advance payments may be offset only against future profit distribution tax due. Thus, the amount of the CIT advance paid, amount of which is calculated based on 2023 and 2024 profits, despite generally being eligible for offsetting against future profit distribution tax, is expensed as profits are generated.

In Latvia, incremental CIT expense will not arise on the Bank's dividend distribution from retained earnings generated under the old tax regime (before 2018) which as of period end amounted to EUR 11.2 million (2023: EUR 61.8 million) and additional EUR 22.9 million (2023: EUR 17.2 million) profits already taxed when distributed from subsidiaries and branches. EUR 50.6 million dividend distribution in 2024 decreases this amount correspondingly. Currently there is no expiry date for this distribution right.

For distributions of 2023 and later period profits from banking and leasing operations a theoretical 20% CIT rate would apply and would be calculated as 0.2/0.8 from net distributed dividend (effectively 25%), but the profit distribution tax payment would be decreased by the CIT advance already paid in 2023 and later period profits. This incremental profit distribution tax expense on 2023, 2024 and later period profits would arise only if the profit distribution tax exceeded the CIT advance paid.

The Latvian government has introduced a mortgage loan levy effective from 2024 with the purpose to reimburse mortgage borrowers for some of the impact of the higher interest rate environment experienced from mid-2023. The mortgage loan levy is calculated as 0.5% on the Latvian gross mortgage loan portfolio as of 31 October 2023. The levy is payable on the first month of each calendar quarter in 2024 in the amount of EUR 2.2 million quarterly. The Group has concluded that the levy is an expense in 2024 and should be expensed based on the calculated amounts in the respective quarters in 2024 as the obligation for the Group to pay arises only if it is liable to declare on the respective dates in 2024.

In Estonia, if regular and annually increasing dividends are distributed, a lower preferential tax rate applies on amount equal to average of distributions over the last three years. Similarly, as for Latvian operations, any CIT advance paid, was expensed in the reporting period as profits are generated.

In Q2 2023 bank tax (solidarity tax) was introduced in Lithuania. Bank tax is calculated as a tax on certain increases in net interest income vs. reference period and is presented as levy in the line Bank tax. Bank tax asset represents overpayment based on the tax payment requirement in previous quarters vs. full year bank tax calculation, where due to different reference period the taxable interest income increase is lower. Corporate income tax in Lithuania is calculated at 15% rate on taxable profits, an extra 5% corporate income tax for Banks is charged on tax profits exceeding EUR 2.0 million.

Income tax assets and liabilities

Current income tax assets
Deferred income tax assets
Tax assets

Current income tax liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities

Tax liabilities

Mortgage loan levy and bank tax

EUR thousands									
31/12/2023 Bank	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Group						
-	_	81	29						
579 579	360 360	714 795	450 479						
(17,247) -	(9,094)	(17,696) (375)	(9,516) (375)						
(17,247)	(9,094)	(18,071)	(9,891)						
1,777	985	1,777							

The Group has recognised a deferred tax liability of EUR 0.4 million (2023: EUR 0.4 million) as in Estonia it anticipates paying out dividends to Latvia. These dividends would become taxable at distribution.

Change in net deferred corporate income tax asset / (liability)

As at the beginning of the period Charge to statement of income Net deferred income tax asset at the period end

EUR thousands									
6m 2024 6m 2023 6m 2024 6m 2023 Group Group Bank Bank									
339	2,103	579	2,179						
(264)	(2,007)	(219)	(1,881)						
75	360	298							



Deferred income and accrued expense
Fair value amortisation on the acquired loan portfolio
Expected distribution of retained earnings
Other items, net
Deferred income tax assets, net

Group, EUR thousands								
Opening balance 01/01/2024	Closing balance 30/06/2024							
631	(238)	-	393					
84	(27)	-	57					
(375)	-	-	(375)					
(1)	1	-	-					
339	(264)	-	75					

Deferred income and accrued expense Recognised unutilised tax loss carry-forward Fair value adjustment on the acquired loan portfolio Expected distribution of retained earnings

Deferred income tax assets, net

Other items, net

Deferred income and accrued expense **Deferred income tax assets, net**

Deferred income and accrued expense Recognised unutilised tax loss carry-forward Expected distribution of retained earnings Deferred income tax assets, net

Group,	EUR	thousands
--------	-----	-----------

Opening balance 01/01/2023	Recognised in statement of income	Recognised in statement of OCI	Closing balance 30/06/2023
337	7 12	_	349
1,921	(1,317)	-	604
221	(76)	-	145
(375)	(625)	-	(1,000)
(1) (1)	-	(2)
2,103	3 (2,007)	-	96

Bank, EUR thousands									
Opening balance 01/01/2024	balance statement of statement of balance								
579 579	(219) (219)	-	360 360						

Bank, EUR thousands

Opening balance 01/01/2023	Recognised in statement of income	Recognised in statement of OCI	Closing balance 30/06/2023
258	61	-	319
1,921	(1,317)	-	604
-	(625)	-	(625)
2,179	(1,881)	-	298

Reconciliation of the pre-tax profit to the corporate income tax expense

	EUR thousands							
	6m 2024 Group	6m 2023 Group	6m 2024 Bank	6m 2023 Bank				
Profit before corporate income tax from continuous operations before non-current assets held for sale	61,280	67,504	58,698	60,143				
Corporate income tax (at 20%)	12,256	13,501	11,740	12,029				
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	(682)	(252)	(603)	(179)				
Undistributed earnings taxable on distribution	(193)	(9,625)	-	(8,550)				
Non-taxable income and impact from bank tax expense	(165)	(862)	(69)	(352)				
Non-deductible expense	511	649	109	72				
Expected distribution of retained earnings	-	625	-	625				
Other tax differences, net*	(1,337)	(621)	(1,529)	(644)				
Total effective corporate income tax from continuous operations	10,390	3,415	9,648	3,001				

^{*} Including eligible loss on discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale of EUR -1,803 thousand for the Bank (2023: EUR -703 thousand).

NOTE 13. DEBT SECURITIES

Debt securities by credit rating grade, classification and profile of issuer

Group, EUR thousands

				• /				
		30/06/20	24			31/12/20	23	
	At fair value through other A comprehensive income		Designated at fair value through profit or loss, non- trading	e Total	At fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortised	Designated at fair value through profit or loss, non- trading	Total
Investment grade:								
AAA/Aaa	7,414	61,965	828	70,207	9,202	56,658	-	65,860
AA/Aa	16,902	171,204	2,547	190,653	17,920	269,033	-	286,953
Α	115,847	692,060	92,932	900,839	125,281	617,625	42,815	785,721
BBB/Baa	9,883	24,934	-	34,817	9,887	31,158	-	41,045
Lower ratings or unrated	236	37,872	-	38,108	2,731	37,722	-	40,453
Total debt securities	150,282	988,035	96,307	1,234,624	165,021	1,012,196	42,815	1,220,032
Including general government	119,973	684,997	95,120	900,090	123,603	691,645	42,815	858,063
Including credit institutions	9,929	97,031	-	106,960	10,873	111,809	-	122,682
Including classified in stage 1	150.282	988.035	n/a	n/a	165.021	1.012.196	n/a	n/a

Bank, EUR thousands

		30/06/20	24		31/12/2023			
	At fair value through other comprehensive income		Designated at fair value through profit or loss, non- trading	Total	At fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortised	Designated at fair value through profit or loss, non- trading	Total
Investment grade:			uuumg				auding	
AAA/Aaa	7,414	57,035	-	64,449	7,202	51,762	-	58,964
AA/Aa	16,902	171,204	-	188,106	17,920	269,033	-	286,953
Α	100,352	685,495	92,932	878,779	107,857	611,054	42,815	761,726
BBB/Baa	2,542	23,416	-	25,958	1,422	29,649	-	31,071
Lower ratings or unrated	-	37,871	-	37,871	2,502	37,720	-	40,222
Total debt securities	127,210	975,021	92,932	1,195,163	136,903	999,218	42,815	1,178,936
Including general government	110,532	678,938	92,932	882,402	112,367	685,585	42,815	840,767
Including credit institutions	3,792	97,031	-	100,823	3,741	111,809	-	115,550
Including classified in stage 1	127,210	975,021	n/a	n/a	136,903	999,218	n/a	n/a

Unrated debt securities or debt securities with lower ratings than BBB are mainly with corporates and are acquired or in some cases structured by the Bank as an alternative to ordinary lending transactions. Among considerations for originating such lending products is longer-term indirect benefits from development in local corporate debt markets and higher potential liquidity for lending products structured as debt securities.



Debt securities by country of issuer

• •			Group, EUR	thousands		
	3	0/06/2024		3		
	Government bonds	Other securities	Total	Government bonds	Other securities	Total
Latvia	404,190	2,397	406,587	360,279	2,392	362,671
Lithuania	338,579	53,681	392,260	343,709	51,138	394,847
Estonia	76,852	21,343	98,195	76,440	23,045	99,485
Germany	-	91,274	91,274	-	91,214	91,214
United States	18,955	19,086	38,041	18,262	22,650	40,912
Canada	-	28,195	28,195	-	28,116	28,116
Poland	22,220	5,140	27,360	22,229	5,164	27,393
Sweden	-	25,232	25,232	-	25,485	25,485
Switzerland	-	23,190	23,190	-	24,509	24,509
Netherlands	6,208	-	6,208	6,209	11,138	17,347
Finland	-	4,424	4,424	-	12,446	12,446
Other countries	33,084	28,971	62,055	30,936	35,433	66,369
Multilateral development banks and						
international organisations	-	31,603	31,603	-	29,238	29,238
Total debt securities	900,088	334,536	1,234,624	858,064	361,968	1,220,032

			Bank, EUR	thousands						
	3	30/06/2024 31/12/2023								
	Government bonds	Other securities	Total	Government bonds	Other securities	Total				
Latvia	397,972	1,308	399,280	354,063	1,310	355,373				
Lithuania	336,361	52,314	388,675	339,632	49,781	389,413				
Estonia	76,852	20,441	97,293	76,440	21,910	98,350				
Germany	-	91,274	91,274	-	91,214	91,214				
United States	18,955	13,827	32,782	18,262	16,395	34,657				
Canada	-	28,195	28,195	-	28,116	28,116				
Sweden	-	25,232	25,232	-	25,485	25,485				
Poland	21,440	3,010	24,450	21,448	3,043	24,491				
Switzerland	-	23,190	23,190	-	24,509	24,509				
Netherlands	6,208	-	6,208	6,209	11,138	17,347				
Finland	-	4,424	4,424	-	12,446	12,446				
Other countries	24,613	23,702	48,315	24,713	28,536	53,249				
Multilateral development banks and										
international organisations	-	25,845	25,845	-	24,286	24,286				
Total debt securities	882,401	312,762	1,195,163	840,767	338,169	1,178,936				

No payments on the debt securities are past due. Total exposure to any single country within "Other countries" group as of period end is smaller than 10% of the regulatory capital.

NOTE 14. LOANS TO PUBLIC

Loans to public by overdue days and impairment stage

Group, EUR thousands

			30/06/2	024		31/12/2023				
	Gros	ss amoun	t	Expected		Gro	ss amour	nt	Expected	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 and POCI	credit loss allowance	Net carrying amount	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 and POCI	credit loss allowance	Net carrying amount
Loans to										
public Not past due	2,806,790	181,752	28,597	(49,908)	2,967,231	2,627,867	206,974	29,715	(62,554)	2,802,002
Past due <=30	, ,	•	,	, , ,			-		, ,	
days	28,728	37,024	2,852	(9,148)	59,456	26,175	8,829	1,591	(5,694)	30,901
Past due >30 and ≤90 days	-	9,524	9,081	(4,316)	14,289	-	23,294	1,960	(4,047)	21,207
Past due >90 days	-	-	31,895	(24,187)	7,708	-	-	34,541	(26,693)	7,848
Total loans to	2,835,518	228,300	72,425	(87,559)	3,048,684	2,654,042	239,097	67,807	(98,988)	2,861,958
public		220,300	12,425	(07,559)	3,040,004	2,034,042	233,037	01,001	(30,300)	2,001,330
Guarantees and	69,869	292	5	(389)	69,777	55,403	1,676	6	(288)	56,797
letters of credit Financial				` ,					` ,	
commitments	382,931	8,621	4,872	(2,748)	393,676	350,560	7,744	1,056	(4,510)	354,850
Total credit										
exposure to public	3,288,318	237,213	77,302	(90,696)	3,512,137	3,060,005	248,517	68,869	(103,786)	3,273,605

As of the period end, the gross amount of Group's POCI loans to public is EUR 7.6 million (2023: EUR 9.7 million). The recognised expected credit loss allowance on POCI loans to public is EUR 0.8 million (2023: EUR 0.6 million). Off-balance sheet credit exposure comprises various committed financing facilities to the borrowers. For details refer to note *Off-balance Sheet Items*.

Bank, EUR thousands

		024		31/12/2023						
	Gros	ss amour	ıt	Expected	Net carrying.	Gro	ss amoui	nt	Expected	Net carrying
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	credit loss allowance	amount	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	credit loss allowance	amount
Loans to public										
Not past due	2,847,594	80,385	18,084	(33,918)	2,912,145	2,669,492	88,240	20,268	(46,302)	2,731,698
Past due <=30 days	27,890	13,514	1,569	(6,206)	36,767	23,201	8,567	1,454	(5,554)	27,668
Past due >30 and ≤90 days	-	3,932	2,912	(2,300)	4,544	-	6,351	1,224	(2,255)	5,320
Past due >90 days	-	-	24,187	(21,803)	2,384	-	-	29,127	(25,377)	3,750
Total loans to public	2,875,484	97,831	46,752	(64,227)	2,955,840	2,692,693	103,158	52,073	(79,488)	2,768,436
Guarantees and letters of credit	77,972	292	5	(403)	77,866	63,222	1,676	5	(302)	64,601
Financial commitments	372,646	7,455	571	(2,572)	378,100	370,784	5,437	1,055	(4,437)	372,839
Total credit exposure to public	3,326,102	105,578	47,328	(67,202)	3,411,806	3,126,699	110,271	53,133	(84,227)	3,205,876

Stage 3 loans to public ratios

	30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank
Stage 3 gross loans ratio	2.2%	2.1%	1.5%	1.8%
Stage 3 net loans ratio	1.2%	1.1%	0.7%	0.8%
Stage 3 impairment ratio	47%	49%	56%	55%

In the reporting period EUR 6.2 million part of a previously fully impaired exposure was written-off which as of 30 June 2024 had impact of 0.2% on the Group's and the Bank's Stage 3 gross loans ratio and a decrease in the Stage 3 impairment coverage ratio by 4 percentage points for the Group and 5 percentage points for the Bank.



AS Citadele banka

Interim financial statements | Notes

The stage 3 loans ratio is calculated as stage 3 loans to public divided by total loans to public as of the end of the relevant period. All loans overdue by more than 90 days are classified as stage 3. Non-overdue loans and loans overdue less than 90 days which have been forborne or impairment losses have been identified based on individual assessment or financial condition of the borrower has deteriorated significantly due to other factors are classified as stage 3. Part of the loans classified as stage 3 do not have any current default indicators but are put under monitoring period for a specific time before being reclassified out of stage 3. Loans under recovery are also classified as stage 3.

The stage 3 impairment ratio is calculated as impairment allowance for stage 3 exposures divided by gross loans to public classified as stage 3. Impairment allowance is the amount of expected credit loss expensed in the income statement as credit loss and is derived from historic credit loss rates and future credit loss expectations, and where relevant considering fair value of the loan collateral and expected proceeds from other loan recovery measures.

Expected credit loss allowance by customer profile and impairment stage

Group, EUR thousands

		30/06/	2024		31/12/2023				
Expected credit loss allowance					Expected credit loss allowance				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 and POCI	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 and POCI	Total	
	(17,586)	(7,338)	(9,929)	(34,853)	(22,273)	(10,874)	(12,657)	(45,804)	
	(24,954)	(4,657)	(22,610)	(52,221)	(29,462)	(4,771)	(18,506)	(52,739)	
	(480)	(5)	-	(485)	(438)	(7)	-	(445)	
	(43,020)	(12,000)	(32,539)	(87,559)	(52,173)	(15,652)	(31,163)	(98,988)	

Financial and non-financial corporations Households General government **Expected credit loss allowance**

Bank, EUR thousands

		30/06/	2024		31/12/2023				
Expected credit loss allowance				Total	Expected credit loss allowance			Total	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3		
	(9,487)	(3,312)	(4,340)	(17,139)	(14,318)	(6,429)	(10,765)	(31,512)	
	(22,085)	(3,357)	(21,641)	(47,083)	(26,391)	(3,513)	(18,062)	(47,966)	
	(5)	-	-	(5)	(10)	-	-	(10)	
	(31.577)	(6.669)	(25.981)	(64.227)	(40.719)	(9.942)	(28.827)	(79.488)	

Financial and non-financial corporations Households General government Expected credit loss allowance



Loans by customer profile and impairment stage

Group.	EUR	thousands
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•	30/06/2024 31/12/2023									
	Gro	ss amoui	nt	Expected	N-4	Gro	ss amour	nt	Expected	Nat a sum du u
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 and POCI	credit loss allowance	Net carrying amount	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 and POCI	credit loss allowance	Net carrying amount
Financial and non-financial corporations Real estate										
purchase and management	370,972	19,820	417	(3,308)	387,901	339,949	17,321	649	(5,500)	352,419
Manufacturing Trade	171,979 178,349	27,701 21,158	15,742 4,279	(5,427) (5,286)		145,979 169,050	46,079 13,150	17,699 3,676	(9,423) (4,817)	,
Transport and communications	168,590	17,147	9,195	(4,591)	190,341	171,095	40,126	9,075	(11,385)	208,911
Agriculture and forestry Electricity, gas	131,559	48,842	4,315	(8,169)	176,547	137,690	39,260	2,249	(6,507)	172,692
and water supply	131,279	1,596	2,005	(904)	133,976	96,898	1,742	1,993	(1,015)	99,618
Construction Financial	114,965	14,407	2,400	(3,279)	128,493	94,884	13,435	3,256	(3,122)	108,453
intermediation	34,193	530	23	(319)	34,427	33,496	605	20	(436)	33,685
Hotels, restaurants	25,249	2,599	370	(431)	27,787	24,546	790	1,618	(605)	26,349
Other industries	136,433	21,123	4,900	(3,139)	159,317	134,161	20,216	3,343	(2,992)	154,728
Total financial and non-financial corporations		174,923	43,646	(34,853)	1,647,284	1,347,748	192,724	43,578	(45,802)	1,538,248
Households Mortgage loans	812.789	14,655	24.469	(30,646)	821,267	780.517	12,908	21,539	(31,394)	783.570
Finance leases	333,011	28,255	1,830	(4,610)		323,242	24,146	926	(4,291)	,
Credit for consumption	113,992	5,755	863	(7,932)	112,678	103,497	4,811	546	(7,306)	101,548
Card lending Other lending	58,114 30,627		688 929	(7,181) (1,852)		56,867 18,955	2,526 1,782	579 637	(8,398) (1,351)	,
Total households	1,348,533	53,189	28,779	(52,221)	1,378,280	1,283,078	46,173	24,227	(52,740)	1,300,738
General government	23,417	188	-	(485)	23,120	23,217	201	-	(446)	22,972
Total loans to public	2,835,518	228,300	72,425	(87,559)	3,048,684	2,654,043	239,098	67,805	(98,988)	2,861,958



Loans by customer profile and impairment stage

Bank. EUR thousands

-	Bank, EUR thousands									
			30/06/20)24		31/12/2023				
	Gro	ss amoui	nt	Expected credit loss	Net carrying	Gro	ss amoui	nt	Expected credit loss	Net carrying
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	allowance	amount	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	allowance	amount
Financial and non-financial										
corporations Real estate										
purchase and management	356,494	18,313	282	(3,016)	372,073	326,710	15,875	444	(5,189)	,
Manufacturing	83,822	13,065	12,253	(2,768)	106,372	53,266	33,626	13,485	(7,168)	93,209
Trade	60,101	6,593	2,711	(2,609)	66,796	61,424	2,847	2,956	(2,875)	64,352
Transport and communications	14,574	2,777	648	(635)	17,364	22,934	2,752	7,059	(7,501)	25,244
Agriculture and forestry	40,335	27,974	1,928	(3,444)	66,793	47,185	23,416	1,582	(3,253)	68,930
Electricity, gas and water supply	117,707	578	712	(596)	118,401	85,570	-	676	(807)	85,439
Construction	37,612	1,970	768	(1,272)	39,078	26,846	2,528	1,084	(1,427)	29,031
Financial intermediation	1,105,377	-	23	(1,899)	1,103,501	1,064,940	-	20	(2,074)	1,062,886
Hotels, restaurants	18,619	1,986	334	(302)	20,637	18,978	415	1,592	(511)	20,474
Other industries	25,051	536	417	(598)	25,406	22,215	874	281	(708)	22,662
Total financial and non-										
financial	1,859,692	73,792	20,076	(17,139)	1,936,421	1,730,068	82,333	29,179	(31,513)	1,810,067
corporations Households										
Mortgage loans	811,291	14,497	24,265	(30,479)	819,574	779,284	12,286	21,238	(31,163)	781,645
Credit for consumption	108,610	5,067	847	(7,635)	106,889	99,396	4,234	524	(7,128)	97,026
Card lending Other lending	58,114 29,212	2,694 1,781	687 877	(7,181) (1,788)		56,867 16,695	2,526 1,779	579 553	(8,398) (1,277)	
Total households	1,007,227	24,039	26,676	(47,083)	1,010,859	952,242	20,825	22,894	(47,966)	947,995
General government	8,565	-	-	(5)	8,560	10,384	-	-	(10)	10,374
Total loans to public	2,875,484	97,831	46,752	(64,227)	2,955,840	2,692,694	103,158	52,073	(79,489)	2,768,436

NOTE 15. EQUITY AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Shares and other non-fixed income securities by issuers profile and classification

		Group, EUR thousands						
		30/06/2	2024					
	Mutual investment funds	Foreign equities	Latvian equities	Total	Mutual investment funds	Foreign equities	Latvian equities	Total
Non-trading financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	25,921	1,183	-	27,104	26,372	1,117	-	27,489
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	105	21	126	-	101	21	122
Total non-fixed income securities, net	25,921	1,288	21	27,230	26,372	1,218	21	27,611
Including unit-linked insurance plan assets Including investments in mutual	16,480	-	-	16,480	17,059	-	-	17,059
investment funds, which are managed by IPAS CBL Asset Management Including investments in mutual investment funds, which are managed	15,589	-	-	15,589	15,621	-	-	15,621
by IPAS CBL Asset Management and which relate to unit-linked contracts	11,431	-	-	11,431	11,575	-	-	11,575

Most exposures in mutual investment funds which are classified as financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss are related to the life insurance business, most of these with unit-linked insurance plan assets. According to unit-linked investment contract terms, the risk associated with the investments made by the insurance underwriter is fully attributable to the counterparty entering the insurance agreement and not the underwriter. All investments in mutual investment funds are mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Part of the Bank's and the Group's investments in mutual investment funds, which are managed by IPAS CBL Asset Management, are related to unit-linked contracts, where the risk associated with the investments made is fully attributable to the counterparty entering the insurance agreement and not the underwriter. These exposures have been acquired only with investment intentions. The Bank has no exposure to investments related to unit-linked contracts.

	Bank, EUR thousands							
		30/06/2	2024		31/12/2023			
	Mutual investment funds	Foreign equities	Latvian equities	Total	Mutual investment funds	Foreign equities	Latvian equities	Total
Non-trading financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through	1,291	1,183	-	2,474	1,235	1,117	-	2,352
other comprehensive income	_	105	21	126	_	101	21	122
Total non-fixed income securities, net	1,291	1,288	21	2,600	1,235	1,218	21	2,474
Including investments in mutual investment funds, which are managed by IPAS CBL Asset Management	1,291	-	-	1,291	1,235	-	-	1,235

NOTE 16. INVESTMENTS IN RELATED ENTITIES

Changes in investments in related entities of the Bank

Balance	at the	beginning	of the	period	net

Associates accounted for using the equity method Change in impairment allowance

Transfer to discontinued operations held for sale

Balance at the end of the period, net

Including associates accounted for using the equity method

Including gross investment in subsidiaries

EUR thousands						
6m 2023	6m 2024					
47,770	47,939					
12	134					
131	906					
-	(382)					
47,913	48,597					
203	-					
60,598	60,598					

Changes in investments in subsidiaries

In the reporting period investment in SIA Mobilly was transferred to discontinued operations held for sale. Subsequent to the period end, in August 2024 the sale of SIA Mobilly was completed.

Valuation of investments in subsidiaries

In the reporting period valuation of SIA Citadele Factoring and SIA Hortus Residential was reassessed. In total EUR 0.9 million (net) impairment in the investments in these subsidiaries was released as operating profits have been accumulated and were not distributed to shareholders while valuation uncertainties as legacy lease portfolio continues to amortise decrease.

Carrying value of the investment in SIA Citadele Factoring is derived from present value of expected free equity distributable to the shareholders, after required equity allocation for capital adequacy compliance. The target capital adequacy ratio is set at 13.0% and includes allocated charges for all banking risks inherent in the business model of the leasing (2023: 13.0). Other key inputs of the model are 14.5% (2023: 15.4%) discount rate and future profitability of the operations of the entity.

Consolidation Group subsidiaries and associated entities for accounting purposes

				Basis for	The	% of total	Carrying value	
Company	Registration number	Registration address and country	Company type*	inclusion in	Group's	voting	EUR tho	usands
		_		the Group**	snare (%)	rights -	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
AS Citadele banka	40103303559	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	BNK	MT	-	-	-	-
SIA Citadele Leasing	40003423085	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	LIZ	MS	100	100	29,203	29,203
SIA Citadele Factoring	50003760921	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	LIZ	MS	100	100	9,136	8,266
IPAS CBL Asset Management	40003577500	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	IPS	MS	100	100	5,906	5,906
UAB Citadele Factoring	126233315	Lithuania, Upės g. 21, Vilnius, LT-0812	LIZ	MS	100	100	2,149	2,149
SIA Hortus Residential	40103460622	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	PLS	MS	100	100	1,112	1,076
AS CBL Atklātais Pensiju Fonds	40003397312	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	PFO	MS	100	100	646	646
OU Citadele Factoring	10925733	Estonia, Tallinn 10152, Narva mnt. 63/1	LIZ	MS	100	100	445	445
SIA Mobilly (Investments in associates accounted for using the equity method, held for sale)	d ⁴⁰⁰⁰³⁶⁵⁴⁴⁰⁵	Latvia, Dzirnavu iela 91 k-3 - 20, Rīga, LV-1011	ENI	СТ	12.5	12.5	-	248
SIA CL Insurance Broker	40003983430	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	PLS	MMS	100	100	-	-
AAS CBL Life	40003786859	Latvia, Riga, Republikas laukums 2A	APS	MMS	100	100	-	-
		Total net inves	stments in	subsidiaries a	nd associa	ted entities	48,597	47,939

*BNK – bank, ENI – authorized electronic money institution, IBS – investment brokerage company, IPS – investment management company, PFO – pension fund, CFI – other financial institution, LIZ – leasing company, PLS – company providing various support services, APS – insurance company.

** MS – subsidiary company, MMS – subsidiary of the subsidiary company, MT – parent company, MTM – parent of the parent company, CT – other company.

Kaleido Privatbank AG is a 100% owned subsidiary classified as discontinued operations held for sale (for details refer to note *Discontinued Operations* and *Non-current Assets Held For Sale*). Registration number of Kaleido Privatbank AG is 130.0.007.738-0, it is registered in Switzerland with legal address in Bellerivestrasse 17, 8008, Zürich.

NOTE 17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

AS Citadele banka is selling its Swiss subsidiary Kaleido Privatbank AG under market standard terms and conditions. AS Citadele banka had entered into a binding agreement regarding the sale of its Swiss subsidiary – Kaleido Privatbank AG. The closing was subject to regulatory approvals and took longer than expected. In 2023 it was concluded that successful execution of this salespurchase agreement was no longer feasible and was decided to terminate the contract.

The Group is working with a reputable M&A advisor on an alternative sales transaction. As the conditions indicate that the investment will be recovered principally through a sale transaction in a foreseeable future rather than through continuing operations, Kaleido Privatbank AG is presented as discontinued operations as of period end. Citadele has received several offers and is working with potential buyers, to agree on transaction, and has taken steps to improve certainty that regulatory approval for potential sale will be obtained. The Management has a strong commitment to sell Kaleido Privatbank AG and this is a further step focusing on Citadele's core activities in the Baltics and is in line with Citadele's long-term ambition to become the leading financial services provider in the Baltics.

In 2024 the management of the Bank increased share capital of Swiss subsidiary Kaleido Privatbank AG by CHF 3.0 million. The capital increase supports operations of the subsidiary. The subsidiary is classified as discontinued operations held for sale.

Write-down of investment in Kaleido Privatbank AG

In the reporting period the Bank recognised EUR 9.0 million write-down on the investment in Kaleido Privatbank AG equal to the lower of the carrying amount and fair value less cost to sale (2023: EUR 6.1 million). The write-down relates to the loss of the operations in the respective period and the re-estiamted net sales proceeds. The fair value less cost to sell of the investment, represents the most recent estimate of the net sales proceeds. The write-down is presented in the statement of income as net result from non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations. On the consolidated level EUR 1.4 million write-off of non-financial assets has been recognized as previous carrying value of these is deemed unrecoverable in the expected sales transaction.

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Result from discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale

	EUR thousands							
	Group				Bank			
	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Net interest income	1,784	1,917	755	1,070	-	-	-	-
Net fee and commission income	1,581	1,403	800	702	-			_
Other operating income and expense	394	(272)	91	(112)	-	-	-	-
Staff costs, other operating expenses, depreciation and amortisation	(6,557)	(5,457)	(3,369)	(2,817)	-	-	-	-
Net credit losses and other impairment losses	160	(1,327)	204	200	-	-	-	-
Impairment of non-financial assets	(1,427)	-	(1,427)	-	-		-	-
Income tax	(5)	(28)	24	(1)	-		-	_
Net result from discontinued operations	(4,070)	(3,764)	(2,922)	(958)	-		-	-
Result from non-current assets held for sale	49	410	(32)	411	(9,016)	(3,517)	(6,039)	(3,516)
Net result from non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	(4,021)	(3,354)	(2,954)	(547)	(9,016)	(3,517)	(6,039)	(3,516)

Assets and liabilities constituting discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale

	30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Assets				
Cash, cash balances at central banks	4,715	11,867	-	-
Loans to credit institutions	5,964	12,607	-	-
Debt securities (Classified in stage 1)	47,217	51,762	-	-
Including:				
AAA/Aaa rated	18,897	21,421	-	-
AA/Aa rated	16,825	18,758	-	-
A rated	8,936	8,926	-	-
BBB/Baa rated	2,559	2,657	-	-
General government	17,072	17,019	_	-
Credit institutions	13,646	15,575	-	-
Loans to public	54,754	55,033	-	-
Other assets	91	1,305	-	-
Discontinued operations	112,741	132,574	-	-
Net investment in Kaleido Privatbank AG (subsidiary)	-	-	6,780	12,788
Other non-current assets held for sale	382	-	382	-
Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale	113,123	132,574	7,162	12,788
Liabilities				
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	2,681	460	_	_
Deposits and borrowings from customers	100,344	118.229	_	-
Other liabilities	2,856	2,971	_	-
Discontinued operations	105,881	121,660	-	-

EUR thousands

EUR thousands

Cash flows from discontinued operations of the Group

	6m 2024	6m 2023
Cash flows from operating activities	(20,470)	(19,245)
Cash flows from investing activities	4,605	24,466
Cash flows from financing activities	(150)	(138)
Cash flows for the period	(16,015)	5,083
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	24,013	30,172
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	7,998	35,255

NOTE 18. DEPOSITS FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND CENTRAL BANKS

Bank deposits and borrowings by type

Credit institution deposits and collateral accounts
Central bank deposits and accounts
Deposits from Citadele Group banks
ECB's targeted longer-term refinancing operations
Total deposits from credit institutions and central banks

EUR thousands								
30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank					
5,992	6,121	5,992	6,121					
1,950	1,214	1,950	1,214					
-	-	18,755	19,560					
-	40,099	-	40,099					
7,942	47,434	26,697	66,994					

In June 2024 EUR 40 million ECB's targeted longer-term refinancing operations (TLTRO-III) financing was repaid. In the statement of cash flows the repayment of the TLTRO-III borrowing is presented within operating cash flows as the primary objective for the borrowing was not a need for financing, but the attractive borrowing rate.

NOTE 19. DEPOSITS AND BORROWINGS FROM CUSTOMERS

Deposits and borrowings by profile of the customer

Households
Non-financial corporations
Financial corporations
General government
Other
Total deposits from customers

EUR thousands							
30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank				
2,001,876	1,986,684	1,946,955	1,926,620				
1,406,312	1,550,606	1,406,803	1,550,895				
188,235	180,144	220,024	209,742				
77,003	89,620	77,003	89,620				
20,306	22,528	20,306	22,529				
3,693,732	3,829,582	3,671,091	3,799,406				

Deposits and borrowings from customers by contractual maturity

Demand deposits
Term deposits due within:
less than 1 month
more than 1 month and less than 3 months
more than 3 months and less than 6 months
more than 6 months and less than 12 months
more than 1 year and less than 5 years
more than 5 years
Total term deposits
Total deposits from customers

Deposits and borrowings from customers by categories

At amortised cost
At fair value through profit or loss
Total deposits from customers
Including unit-linked insurance plan liabilities

EOK tilousarius							
30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023				
Group	Group	Bank	Bank				
2,713,335	2,822,542	2,725,595	2,835,084				
151,744	137,931	167,634	147,876				
152,977	269,128	150,759	269,107				
376,897	243,074	374,042	241,123				
198,487	249,100	191,909	243,651				
95,761	100,698	60,284	61,415				
4,531	7,109	868	1,150				
980,397	1,007,040	945,496	964,322				
3,693,732	3,829,582	3,671,091	3,799,406				
	Group 2,713,335 151,744 152,977 376,897 198,487 95,761 4,531 980,397	30/06/2024 Group Group 2,713,335 2,822,542 151,744 137,931 152,977 269,128 376,897 243,074 198,487 249,100 95,761 100,698 4,531 7,109 980,397 1,007,040	30/06/2024 Group 31/12/2023 Group 30/06/2024 Bank 2,713,335 2,822,542 2,725,595 151,744 137,931 167,634 152,977 269,128 150,759 376,897 243,074 374,042 198,487 249,100 191,909 95,761 100,698 60,284 4,531 7,109 868 980,397 1,007,040 945,496				

FUR thousands

EUR thousands						
30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank			
3,675,641	3,810,183	3,671,091	3,799,406			
18,091	19,399	-	-			
3,693,732	3,829,582	3,671,091	3,799,406			
16.284	17.153	-	_			

All deposits from customers of the Group which are classified at fair value through profit or loss relate to the Group's life insurance business (classified as investment contracts). Unit-linked plan liabilities are covered by financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss. According to unit-linked investment contract terms, the risk associated with the investments made by the underwriter is fully attributable to the counterparty entering the agreement and not the underwriter.

NOTE 20. DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED

Publicly listed debt securities

ISIN code of the issued bond	Eligibility	Currency	Interest rate	Initial maturity date	urity EUR te thousands	Amortised thous	•
				uate		30/06/2024	31/12/2023
XS2393742122	MREL eligible	EUR	1.625%	22/11/2026	200,000	201,149	199,366
LV0000880102	Subordinated	EUR	5.00%	13/12/2031	40,000	40,098	40,104
LV0000880011	Subordinated	EUR	5.50%	24/11/2027	20,000	20,093	20,090
LV0000803054	Subordinated	EUR	8.00%	05/04/2034	20,000	20,148	-
						281,488	259,560

Key features of the issued subordinated bonds and MREL eligible senior unsecured bonds

EUR 200 million senior unsecured preferred bonds (XS2393742122) have a five-years maturity, with issuer's optional redemption date after four years. The purpose of the issuance is to meet Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities (MREL). The senior unsecured preferred bonds were offered to institutional investors. The bonds are listed on Euronext Dublin and Nasdaq Riga.

EUR 40 million (LV0000880102), EUR 20 million (LV0000880011) and EUR 20 million (LV0000803054) unsecured subordinated bonds were issued in the local Baltic capital markets with ten years maturity and issuer's optional early redemption rights. These subordinated bonds are included in the Tier 2 capital of Citadele and contribute to stronger capital position of the Bank. The unsecured subordinated bonds were offered to institutional and retail investors in Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, as well as institutional investors located in the Member States of the EEA.

Unsecured subordinated securities qualify for inclusion in the Bank's and the Group's Tier 2 capital. For details on capital adequacy refer to *Capital management* section of the note *Risk Management*.

Profile of the bondholders as of the last coupon payment date of the subordinated bonds

ISIN code of the issu	ued Last coupon or origination date	Number of	Legal and professional investors		Priva	ate individu	als	
bona	origination date	bonunoiders	Number	EUR th.	%	Number	EUR th.	%
LV0000880102	June 2024	252	108	26,400	66%	144	13,600	34%
LV0000880011	May 2024	78	42	17,020	85%	36	2,980	15%

NOTE 21. SHARE CAPITAL

The Bank has one class dematerialised shares i.e., recorded in the depositary (Nasdaq CSD SE). As of the period end the total paid capital of the Bank was EUR 158,240,718 (2023: EUR 158,240,718) and conditional capital was EUR 3,807,496 (2023: EUR 2,907,496). Subsequent to the period end, on 19 July 2024 the Bank's total paid capital was increased from EUR 158,240,718 to EUR 158,453,678 and conditional capital was decreased from EUR 3,807,496 to EUR 3,594,536. The conditional capital represents the maximum number of shares that may be allocated for awarding to employees as share options. As of the period end the Bank owns EUR 62,476 (2023: EUR 95,476) of its own shares. Each dematerialised share carries one vote, a share in profits and is eligible for dividends (except for shares owned by the Bank itself). On 28 March 2024 a dividend of EUR 0.32 per share, which is EUR 50.6 million in total, was approved (2023: EUR 20.0 million total dividends which is c.a. EUR 0.127 per share). Dividends were disbursed to the shareholders on 7 May 2024.



Shareholders of the Bank

	30/06/	2024	31/12/2023	
	Paid-in share capital (EUR)	Total shares with voting rights	Paid-in share capital (EUR)	Total shares with voting rights
RA Citadele Holdings LLC ¹	51,549,212	51,549,212	51,549,212	51,549,212
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development	39,138,948	39,138,948	39,138,948	39,138,948
EMS LB LLC ³	17,635,133	17,635,133	17,635,133	17,635,133
Amolino Holdings Inc. ⁴	13,490,578	13,490,578	13,490,578	13,490,578
Delan S.à.r.l. ²	12,477,728	12,477,728	12,477,728	12,477,728
Shuco LLC ⁵	9,838,158	9,838,158	9,838,158	9,838,158
Members of the Management Board of the Bank and parties				
related to them	1,353,823	1,353,823	1,353,823	1,353,823
Other shareholders	12,694,662	12,694,662	12,661,662	12,661,662
Total	158,178,242	158,178,242	158,145,242	158,145,242
Own shares	62,476	_	95,476	
Total paid capital	158,240,718		158,240,718	

¹ RA Citadele Holdings LLC (United States) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ripplewood Advisors LLC and is beneficially owned by Mr Timothy Collins

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit that is attributable to the shareholders by the weighted average number of the shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are determined by adjusting the net profit that is attributable to the shareholders and the weighted-average number of the shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential shares, which comprise share options granted to employees in the long-term incentive programs. The part of the performance-based employee share options for which the services under the approved long-term incentive programs have been received are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The part of the performance-based employee share options, issuance of which is contingent upon satisfying specific conditions, in addition to the passage of time, are treated as contingently issuable shares. For contingently issuable share options where these conditions are not fully satisfied, the number of contingently issuable shares included in diluted earnings per share is based on the number of shares that would be issuable if the reporting date were the end of the contingency period.

	6m 2024	6m 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Profit for the period, EUR thousands	46,869	60,735	40,034	53,625
Weighted average number of the shares outstanding in thousands	158,162	157,257	158,162	157,257
Basic earnings per share in EUR	0.30	0.39	0.25	0.34
Weighted average number of the shares (basic) outstanding in thousands	158,162	157,257	158,162	157,257
Effect of share options in issue in thousands	1,520	1,574	1,520	1,574
Weighted average number of the shares (diluted) outstanding during the period in thousands	159,682	158,831	159,682	158,831
Profit for the period, EUR thousands	46,869	60,735	40,034	53,625
Weighted average number of the shares (diluted) outstanding in thousands	159,682	158,831	159,682	158,831
Diluted earnings per share in EUR	0.29	0.38	0.25	0.34
Net loss from discontinued operations (Note 17) Profit for the period from continuing operations, EUR thousands	(4,070) 50,939	(3,764) 64,499	40,034	- 53,625
Basic earnings / (loss) per share in EUR from continuing operations from discontinued operations	0.30 0.32 (0.03)	0.39 0.41 (0.02)	0.25 0.25	0.34 0.34
Diluted earnings / (loss) per share in EUR from continuing operations from discontinued operations	0.29 0.32 (0.03)	0.38 0.41 (0.02)	0.25 <i>0</i> .25	0.34 <i>0.34</i>

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Delan S.à.r.l. is beneficially owned by the Baupost Group LLC

³ EMS LB LLC is beneficially owned by Mr Edmond M. Safra

⁴ Amolino Holdings Inc. is beneficially owned by Mr James L. Balsillie

⁵ Shuco LLC is beneficially owned by Mr Stanley S. Shuman

NOTE 22. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

Contingent liabilities and financial commitments outstanding

		_0	asanas	
	30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Contingent liabilities:				
Outstanding guarantees	68,362	52,435	76,465	60,254
Outstanding letters of credit	1,804	4,650	1,804	4,649
Total contingent liabilities	70,166	57,085	78,269	64,903
Provisions for credit risk	(389)	(288)	(403)	(302)
Net credit risk exposure for guarantees and letters	69,777	56,797	77,866	64,601
of credit	00,111	00,101	11,000	
Financial commitments:				
Card commitments	110,187	112,136	110,210	112,161
Unutilised credit lines and loans granted, not fully drawn down	193,726	170,663	254,826	251,791
Factoring commitments	76,616	62,968	-	-
Performance commitments (guarantees)	15,636	13,324	15,636	13,324
Other commitments	259	269	-	-
Total financial commitments	396,424	359,360	380,672	377,276
Provisions for financial commitments	(2,748)	(4,510)	(2,572)	(4,437)
Net credit risk exposure for financial commitments	393,676	354,850	378,100	372,839

EUR thousands

Lending commitments are a time limited promise that a specified amount of loan or credit line will be made available to the specific borrower on specific pre-agreed terms. For part of the committed lending promises clients have to perform certain obligations before the balance committed becomes available to them.

In the reporting period several adjustments were introduced in the collective provisioning models which resulted in decreasing PDs, thus positively affecting provisions for financial commitments, guarantees and letters of credit. For details on the methodology changes refer to note *Net Credit Losses*. Besides methodology changes, provisions in the reporting period were releases due to improvements in the risk profile of several large committed exposures as new collaterals were registered resulting in uplift in LGDs for these particular exposures.

NOTE 23. ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

Fair value of assets managed on behalf of customers by investment type

	EUR thousands					
	30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023		
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank		
Fixed income securities:						
Corporate bonds	154,567	163,802	-	-		
Government bonds	101,857	97,129	-	-		
Credit institution bonds	54,618	55,588	-	-		
Loans	565	583	565	583		
Other financial institution bonds	24,571	21,409	-	<u>-</u>		
Total investments in fixed income securities	336,178	338,511	565	583		
Other investments:						
Investment funds	640,542	586,190	-	-		
Shares	132,779	111,583	-	-		
Compensations for distribution on behalf of deposit guarantee fund	27,878	28,274	27,878	28,274		
Real estate	5,252	5,100	-	-		
Deposits with credit institutions	1,421	2,619	-	-		
Other	20,196	36,784	-	-		
Total other investments	828,068	770,550	27,878	28,274		
Total assets under management	1,164,246	1,109,061	28,443	28,857		



Customer profile on whose behalf the funds are managed

	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Pension plans	860,896	815,945	-	-
Insurance companies, investment and pension funds	155,941	145,099	-	-
Private individuals	83,741	83,478	-	-
Other companies and government	63,668	64,539	28,443	28,857
Total liabilities under management	1,164,246	1,109,061	28,443	28,857

Funds managed by the Group on behalf of individuals, corporate customers, trusts and other institutions are not regarded as assets of the Group and, therefore, are not included in the balance sheet. Funds under management are presented in financial statements only for disclosure purposes and are off-balance sheet items.

NOTE 24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash balances with central banks
Loans on demand to credit institutions (excluding encumbered)
Demand deposits from central banks and credit institutions
Cash equivalents in discontinued operations
Total cash and cash equivalents

EUR thousands								
30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023					
Group	Group	Bank	Bank					
157,349	520,569	157,349	520,569					
7,183	8,407	6,501	7,788					
(7,692)	(7,335)	(26,446)	(7,513)					
7,998	24,013	-	-					
164,838	545,654	137,404	520,844					

CLID thousands

EUR thousands

20/06/2024

24/42/2022

NOTE 25. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fair value is the price that would be received for an asset sold or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Fair value hierarchy

Quoted market prices (Level 1) - Financial instruments are valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets.

Valuation technique: observable market inputs (Level 2) – Financial instruments are valued using techniques based on observable market data. In some instances, valuations received from independent third party are used or quotations from less active market.

Valuation technique: non-market observable inputs (Level 3) – Financial instruments are valued using techniques for which significant inputs are not based on observable market data.



Fair values of financial assets and liabilities of the Group on 30 June 2024

		Fair value hierarchy (where applicable)						
	Carrying value	Total fair value	Quoted market prices	Valuation technique - observable inputs	Valuation technique – non- market observable inputs			
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income: Debt securities	150,282	150,282	129,241	21,041				
Equity instruments	126	126	-	•	126			
Non-trading financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:								
Debt securities	96,307	96,307	73,088	23,219				
Equity instruments	1,183	1,183	-	•	1,183			
Other financial instruments	25,921	25,921	25,921		-			
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Derivatives	1,873	1,873	-	1,873	-			
Financial assets not measured at fair value:								
Cash and balances at central banks	157,349	157,349	-					
Loans to credit institutions	31,028	31,028	-		. <u>-</u>			
Debt securities	988,035	909,334	776,019	133,315				
Loans to public	3,048,684	3,095,307	-	•	3,095,307			
Total assets	4,500,788	4,468,710	1,004,269	179,448	3,096,616			
Financial liabilities measured at fair value:								
Derivatives	1,066	1,066	-	1,066	-			
Deposits and borrowings from customers	18,091	18,091	16,284	,	1,807			
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value:								
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	7,942	7,942	-		_			
Deposits and borrowings from customers	3,675,641	3,674,902	-		3,674,902			
Debt securities issued	281,488	269,132	-	269,132	-			
Total liabilities	3,984,228	3,971,133	16,284	270,198	3,676,709			



Fair values of financial assets and liabilities of the Group on 31 December 2023

·			Fair value hierarchy (where applicable)				
	Carrying value	Total fair value	Quoted market prices	Valuation technique - observable inputs	Valuation technique – non- market observable inputs		
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:					_		
Debt securities Equity instruments	165,021 122	165,021 122	126,926 -	38,095	5 - - 122		
Non-trading financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:							
Debt securities	42,815	42,815	10,868	31,947	-		
Equity instruments	1,117	1,117	-		- 1,117		
Other financial instruments	26,372	26,372	26,372		-		
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Derivatives	1,019	1,019	-	1,019	-		
Financial assets not measured at fair value:							
Cash and balances at central banks	520,569	520,569	-		-		
Loans to credit institutions	34,640	34,640	-		-		
Debt securities	1,012,196	932,027	634,306	297,721	-		
Loans to public	2,861,958	2,874,351	-		2,874,351		
Total assets	4,665,829	4,598,053	798,472	368,782	2,875,590		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value:							
Derivatives	3,331	3,331	_	3,331	_		
Deposits and borrowings from customers	19,399	19,399	17,153		2,246		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value:							
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	47,434	47,434	-		. <u>-</u>		
Deposits and borrowings from customers	3,810,183	3,808,271	-		3,808,271		
Debt securities issued	259,560	239,687	-	239,687			
Total liabilities	4,139,907	4,118,122	17,153	243,018	3,810,517		



Fair values of financial assets and liabilities of the Bank on 30 June 2024

		_	Fair value hierarchy (where applicable)				
	Carrying value	Total fair value	Quoted market prices	Valuation technique - observable inputs	Valuation technique – non- market observable inputs		
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income: Debt securities Equity instruments	127,210 126	127,210 126	107,481 -	19,729	- 126		
Non-trading financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:							
Debt securities Equity instruments Other financial instruments	92,932 1,183 1,291	92,932 1,183 1,291	69,713 - 1,291	· -	- 1,183 -		
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Derivatives	1,873	1,873	-	1,873	_		
Financial assets not measured at fair value: Cash and balances at central banks Loans to credit institutions Debt securities Loans to public	157,349 46,172 975,021 2,955,840	157,349 46,172 896,984 3,002,463	- - 766,568 -	130,416	- - 3,002,463		
Total assets	4,358,997	4,327,583	945,053	175,237	3,003,772		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value: Derivatives	1,066	1,066	-	1,066	_		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value: Deposits from credit institutions and central banks Deposits and borrowings from customers Debt securities issued	26,697 3,671,091 281,488	26,697 3,672,766 269,132	-	- - - 269,132	3,672,766 -		
Total liabilities	3,980,342	3,969,661	- 270,198 3,672,70				

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities of the Bank on 31 December 2023

rail values of finalicial assets and habilities of the Dalik off 51 Dec	CITIDEI ZUZS					
			Fair value hierarchy (where applicable)			
	Carrying value	Total fair value	Quoted market prices	Valuation technique - observable inputs	Valuation technique – non- market observable inputs	
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:						
Debt securities Equity instruments	136,903 122	136,903 122	102,416 -	34,487	- 122	
Non-trading financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:						
Debt securities	42,815	42,815	10,868	31,947	-	
Equity instruments	1,117	1,117	-		- 1,117	
Other financial instruments	1,235	1,235	1,235			
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Derivatives	1,019	1,019	-	1,019	-	
Financial assets not measured at fair value:						
Cash and balances at central banks	520,569	520,569	-			
Loans to credit institutions	53,019	53,019	-			
Debt securities	999,218	919,797	625,720	294,077		
Loans to public	2,768,436	2,780,829	-		- 2,780,829	
Total assets	4,524,453	4,457,425	740,239	361,530	2,782,068	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value: Derivatives	3,331	3,331	-	3,331	- -	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value: Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	66,994	66,994	-			
Deposits and borrowings from customers	3,799,406	3,800,395	-		- 3,800,395	
Debt securities issued	259,560	239,687	-	239,687	-	

Reclassifications of debt securities accounted for at fair value

Total liabilities

_	EUR thousands					
	6m 2024 Group	6m 2023 Group	6m 2024 Bank	6m 2023 Bank		
Debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income Presented as Level 1, reclassified from Level 2 Presented as Level 2, reclassified from Level 1	16,174 -	37,941 1,063	14,087 -	31,225		
Debt securities at fair value through profit or loss Presented as Level 1, reclassified from Level 2 Presented as Level 2, reclassified from Level 1	8,995]	8,995 -	-		

4,129,291

4,110,407

243,018

3,800,395

In the reporting period the main contributor for reclassification of debt securities from Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy to Level 1 is narrowing bid-ask spreads for investment grade Baltic debt securities (as oppose to widening bid-ask spreads in the prior year) which was benchmarked versus fixed pre-set bid-ask spread threshold which is fixed in the Group's fair value hierarchy methodology and is applied consistently year over year.

Changes in fair value of securities accounted for at fair value and categorised as Level 3

	EUR thousands						
	6m 2024 Group	6m 2023 Group	6m 2024 Bank	6m 2023 Bank			
As of the beginning of the period, net	1,239	1,029	1,239	1,029			
Total comprehensive income							
Revaluation gain recognised in statement of income	66	97	66	97			
Revaluation gain recognised in other comprehensive income	4	22	4	22			
As of the end of the period, net	1,309	1,148	1,309	1,148			

Fair value for equity instruments for which fair value is calculated based on non-market observable inputs is categorised as Level 3, as these financial instruments are not listed on an exchange and there are insufficient recent observable transactions on the market.

Changes in fair value of deposits and borrowings from customers measured at fair value and categorised as Level 3

	EUR thousands			
	6m 2024 Group	6m 2023 Group		
Balance as at the beginning of the period	2,246	3,285		
Premiums received	90	178		
Commissions and risk charges	(8)	(15)		
Paid to policyholders	(582)	(293)		
Other	58	(146)		
Currency revaluation result	3	(3)		
Balance as at the end of the period	1,807	3,006		

In the reporting period from financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss which are not unit-linked the Group has recognised net revaluation result of EUR -48 thousand in the net financial income line of the statement of income (2023: EUR 162 thousand). Most of the insurance business the Group is involved in relates to investment contracts rather than insurance risk; therefore, premiums received are recognised as liabilities of the Group since settlement in due course is expected. The amount of insurance risk generated by the Group currently is not significant and, therefore, not further disclosed in detail in these financial statements.

NOTE 26. GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF REVENUE

The geographical distribution of certain Group's items by the country where the business is carried out

	6m 2024				6m 2023			
	EU	R thousand	s		EU	R thousand	ls	
	Operating income	Operating profit before bank and income tax	Income and bank tax expense, mortgage loan levy	FTE equivalent employees at the period end	Operating income	Operating profit before tax	Income and bank tax expense, mortgage loan levy	FTE equivalent employees at the period end
Latvia	81,569	43,172	(10,149)	989	80,521	46,116	(109)	967
Lithuania	22,561	16,421	(4,199)	257	24,171	16,092	(3,656)	246
Estonia	11,941	6,842	(1,197)	101	8,971	6,287	(641)	89
Total continuing operations before non-current assets held for sale	116,071	66,435	(15,545)	1,347	113,663	68,495	6 (4,406)	1,302
Latvia (result from non-current assets held for sale) Switzerland (discontinued		. 49			_	410		_
operations)	3,759	(4,070)	(5)	31	3,048	(3,764)	(28)	
Total operations	119,830	62,414	(15,550)	1,378	116,711	65,141	(4,434)	1,329

During the reporting period no direct public subsidies were received from the public sector of the respective countries where the Group operates (2023: EUR 0.0 million).

NOTE 27. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management policies

The Group considers risk management to be an essential component of its management process. The Group pursues prudent risk management that is aligned with its business ambitions and aims to achieve effective risk mitigation. To assess and monitor complex risk exposures, the Group applies a wide range of risk management tools in conjunction with risk committees. Members of the risk committees represent various operations of the Group to balance business and risk within the respective risk committees. Annually Group defines its Risk Appetite Framework which sets acceptable risk-taking limits across all relevant risk types, considering business goals, macroeconomic environment and regulatory setting. Risk appetite limits are cascaded to all risk management strategies and implemented operationally through detailed internal regulations.

The Group's risk management principles are set out in its Risk Management Policy. The Group adheres to the following key risk management principles:

- The Group aims to ensure that it maintains low overall risk exposure, diversified asset portfolio, limited risks in financial markets and low levels of operational risk;
- The Group aims to ensure an acceptable risk level in all operations. Risks are always assessed in relation to their expected return. Risk exposures that are not acceptable are avoided, limited or hedged;
- The Group does not assume high or uncontrollable risks irrespective of the return they provide and assumes risks only in economic fields and geographical regions in relation to which it believes it has sufficient knowledge and expertise;
- Risk management is based on each Group's employee's responsibility for the transactions carried out by him/her and awareness of the related risks;
- Risk limit system and strict controls are essential risk management elements. Control over risk levels and compliance with
 the imposed limits is achieved by the existence of structured risk limit systems for all material risks.

The aim of the risk management in the Group is to facilitate the achievement of the Group's goals, sustainable growth, long-term financial stability and to protect the Group from unidentified risks. The Bank has appointed a Risk Director (CRO) who is a member of the Bank's Management Board and whose responsibilities do not include the duties related to the activities under control. The CRO has a direct access to the Bank's Supervisory Board. The Risk Committee, which is subordinated to the Bank's Supervisory Board, has been established in the Bank. The main task of the Risk Committee is to provide support to the Bank's Supervisory Board in relation to the monitoring of the Group's risk management system. The Risk Committee established by the Bank's Supervisory Board provides recommendations to the Bank's Management Board regarding improvements of the risk management system. Risk management within the Group is controlled by an independent unit – the Risk Division.

The main risks to which the Group is exposed are credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and operational risk and environmental and climate-related risk. For each of these risks the Group has approved risk management policies and other internal regulations defining key risk management principles and processes, functions and responsibilities of units, risk concentration limits, as well as control and reporting system. The Bank's Supervisory Board approves risk management policies and ensures the control of efficiency of the risk management system. The Bank's Management Board and CRO ensure implementation of the risk management policies and development of internal regulations for the management of each material risk within the Group. In order to assess and monitor material and complex risk exposures, the Bank's Management Board establishes risk committees. Members of risk committees represent various units of the Group to ensure the balance between the units responsible for risk monitoring and control and the units with business orientation.

Since the latest annual reporting date, the Group's exposure to risks has not changed materially, other than disclosed in this report. For more details on the Group's risk management policies refer to the latest annual report of the Group and the interim disclosures below.

Insurance reserves

	EUR thousands					
30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank			
12,280	10,059	-	-			
2,544	2,199	-	-			

Insurance reserves are presented as part of *Other liabilities*. Insurance reserves mostly comprise estimated present value of future cash outflows from defined benefit annuity pension products sold to customers by Group's subsidiary AAS CBL Life. The annuity products are subject to terms, conditions and limitations. Estimated cash outflows are conditional to life longevity assumptions and defined benefit payment structure.



AS Citadele banka

Interim financial statements | Notes

CSM part of annuity pension products would change by EUR -/+28 thousands (2023: EUR -12/+30 thousands) if future expected expenses were to change by +/-15%. If discount rates, which were used in calculation of annuity pension product reserve, were to change by +/-1.0 percentage point, the Group's net result would change by EUR +0.7/-0.8 million (2023: EUR +/-0.6 million).

Assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items by geographical profile

Group as of 30/06/2024, EUR thousands

Assets	Latvia	Lithuania	Estonia	Other EU countries and development banks	Other countries	Total
Cash and cash balances at central banks	145,275	10,063	2,011	_	_	157,349
Loans to credit institutions	681	84	_,	5,927	24,336	31,028
Debt securities	406,588	392,260	98,196	•	99,032	1,234,624
Loans to public	1,354,791	1,109,312	571,331	,	6,575	3,048,684
Equity instruments	21	-	· -	105	1,183	1,309
Other financial instruments	15,588	-	_	10,261	72	25,921
Derivatives	1,309	13	_	549	2	1,873
Discontinued operations	1,497	1,689	-	46,889	63,048	113,123
Other assets	55,210	8,580	4,583	529	1,472	70,374
Total assets	1,980,960	1,522,001	676,121	309,483	195,720	4,684,285
Liabilities						
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	2,896	1,950	-	899	2,197	7,942
Deposits and borrowings from customers	2,845,655	731,873	57,124	10,087	48,993	3,693,732
Debt securities issued	281,488	-	_	-	-	281,488
Derivatives	199	-	-	846	21	1,066
Discontinued operations	1,560	-	282	24,556	79,483	105,881
Other liabilities	54,876	14,784	9,171	136	376	79,343
Total liabilities	3,186,674	748,607	66,577	36,524	131,070	4,169,452
Off-balance sheet items						
Contingent liabilities	6,618	44,465	16,984	1,488	611	70,166
Financial commitments	231,449	117,445	18,255	8,324	20,951	396,424

For additional information on geographical distribution of securities exposures please refer to note *Debt Securities*. Investments in mutual funds are classified by geographical profile of the issuer and not geographical profile of the ultimate exposure. From the Group's loans to credit institutions presented as "Other countries" EUR 23.4 million is with United States registered credit institutions (2023: EUR 22.6 million). From the Group's discontinued operations presented as "Other countries" EUR 4.7 million is central banks balances with Swiss National Bank (2023: EUR 11.9 million) and EUR 4.7 million are with Swiss credit institutions (2023: EUR 4.3 million).

Group as of 31/12/2023, EUR thousands

	Latvia	Lithuania	Estonia	Other EU countries	Other countries	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash balances at central banks	507,175	12,008	1,386	-	-	520,569
Loans to credit institutions	623	88	-	8,188	25,741	34,640
Debt securities	362,671	394,848	99,485	259,972	103,056	1,220,032
Loans to public	1,285,109	1,039,164	524,304	6,447	6,934	2,861,958
Equity instruments	21	-	-	101	1,117	1,239
Other financial instruments	15,622	-	-	10,653	97	26,372
Derivatives	771	1	-	229	18	1,019
Discontinued operations	1,116	1,686	-	54,588	75,184	132,574
Other assets	53,144	7,899	2,884	225	781	64,933
Total assets	2,226,252	1,455,694	628,059	340,403	212,928	4,863,336
Liabilities						
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	42,582	1,208	-	2,264	1,380	47,434
Deposits and borrowings from customers	2,991,346	726,364	49,254	11,489	51,129	3,829,582
Debt securities issued	259,560	-	-	-	-	259,560
Derivatives	1,628	5	-	1,693	5	3,331
Discontinued operations	2,671	-	569	24,661	93,759	121,660
Other liabilities	65,207	13,141	7,064	368	594	86,374
Total liabilities	3,362,994	740,718	56,887	40,475	146,867	4,347,941
Off-balance sheet items						
Contingent liabilities	8,326	45,408	1,021	880	1,450	57,085
Financial commitments	236,128	80,943	9,918	10,524	21,847	359,360



Bank as of 30/06/2024, EUR thousands

	Latvia	Lithuania	Estonia	Other EU countries and development	Other countries	Total
Assets		40.000		banks		4== 0.40
Cash and cash balances at central banks	145,275	10,063	2,011			157,349
Loans to credit institutions	-	-	-	5,927	40,245	46,172
Debt securities	399,279	388,675	97,293	219,201	90,715	1,195,163
Loans to public	2,001,692	652,634	288,451	6,591	6,472	2,955,840
Equity instruments	21	-	-	105	1,183	1,309
Other financial instruments	1,291	-	-	-	-	1,291
Derivatives	1,309	13	-	549	2	1,873
Other assets	91,471	6,856	1,078	529	8,265	108,199
Total assets	2,640,338	1,058,241	388,833	232,902	146,882	4,467,196
Liabilities						
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	2,895	1,950	-	899	20,953	26,697
Deposits and borrowings from customers	2,822,790	732,470	59,907	9,829	46,095	3,671,091
Debt securities issued	281,488	-	-	-	-	281,488
Derivatives	199	-	-	846	21	1,066
Other liabilities	30,502	8,087	2,212	136	239	41,176
Total liabilities	3,137,874	742,507	62,119	11,710	67,308	4,021,518
Off-balance sheet items						
Contingent liabilities	6,618	44,465	16,984	1,488	8,714	78,269
Financial commitments	262,217	92,544	25,681	164	66	380,672

For additional information on geographical distribution of securities exposures please refer to note *Debt Securities*. From the Bank's loans to credit institutions presented as "Other countries" EUR 23.4 million with United States registered credit institutions (2023: EUR 22.6 million).

Bank as of 31/12/2023, EUR thousands

-	Latvia	Lithuania	Estonia	Other EU countries	Other countries	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash balances at central banks	507,175	12,008	1,386	-	-	520,569
Loans to credit institutions	-	-	-	8,188	44,831	53,019
Debt securities	355,372	389,413	98,351	242,090	93,710	1,178,936
Loans to public	1,909,515	583,022	262,721	6,356	6,822	2,768,436
Equity instruments	21	-	-	101	1,117	1,239
Other financial instruments	1,235	-	-	-	-	1,235
Derivatives	771	1	-	229	18	1,019
Other assets	88,335	8,424	1,207	224	13,581	111,771
Total assets	2,862,424	992,868	363,665	257,188	160,079	4,636,224
Liabilities						
Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	42,582	1,208	-	2,264	20,940	66,994
Deposits and borrowings from customers	2,962,245	726,526	51,318	11,197	48,120	3,799,406
Debt securities issued	259,560	-	-	-	-	259,560
Derivatives	1,628	5	-	1,693	5	3,331
Other liabilities	42,292	9,136	1,700	315	537	53,980
Total liabilities	3,308,307	736,875	53,018	15,469	69,602	4,183,271
Off-balance sheet items	·	·		·	·	
Contingent liabilities	8,318	45,408	1,021	880	9,276	64,903
Financial commitments	270,531	84,953	21,570	162	60	377,276

Liquidity coverage ratio

The general principles of the liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) as measurements of the Bank's and the Group's liquidity position is defined in the Regulation (EC) No 575/2013. The Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 defines general LCR calculation principles in more details. The minimum LCR requirement is 100% and it represents the amount of liquidity available to cover calculated net future liquidity outflows. The Bank and the Group is compliant with LCR requirements.



EUR thousands

30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
Group	Group	Bank	Bank
1,100,511	1,383,267	1,073,973	1,350,295
647,394	670,744	662,968	694,721
170%	206%	162%	194%

- 1. Liquidity buffer
- 2. Net liquidity outflow
- 3. Liquidity coverage ratio

Net stable funding ratio (including 50% of the net result for the period, i.e. decreased in line with dividend policy)

The net stable funding ratio (NSFR) is defined in the Regulation (EC) No 575/2013. NSFR is the ratio of the available amount of stable funding to the required amount of stable funding over one-year horizon. The minimum NSFR requirement is 100%. NSFR as of period end, if no interim profits are included, for the Group is 139% and for the Bank is 201%.

- Total available stable funding
 Total required stable funding
- 3. Net stable funding ratio

EUR thousands							
30/06/2024 31/12/2023 30/06/2024 31/12/2023							
Group	Group	Bank	Bank				
3,653,832	3,687,365	3,551,017	3,590,223				
2,615,344	2,507,341	1,755,013	1,662,473				
140%	147%	202%	215%				

Capital management

Capital adequacy is calculated in accordance with the current global standards of the bank capital adequacy (the Basel III international regulatory framework) as implemented by the European Union via a regulation (EU) 575/2013 and a directive 2013/36/EU, rules and recommendations issued by supervisory authorities and other relevant regulations.

Capital adequacy is a measure of sufficiency of the Group's eligible capital resources to cover credit risks, market risks, operational risk and other specific risks arising predominantly from asset and off-balance sheet exposures of the Group. The regulations require credit institutions to maintain a Total Capital adequacy ratio of 8.0% of the total risk weighted exposure amounts. The rules also require 4.5% minimum Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio and 6.0% minimum Tier 1 capital ratio.

Total SREP capital requirement (TSCR) requires capital to cover risks in addition to these covered by the regulation (EU) 575/2013. TSCR is established in a supervisory review and evaluation process (SREP) carried out by the supervisory authority. The supervisory authority determines TSCR on a risk-by-risk basis, using supervisory judgement, the outcome of supervisory benchmarking, ICAAP calculations and other relevant inputs. The additional pillar 2 capital requirement is re-assessed annually by the supervisory authority. As of the period end based on the assessment of the supervisory authority an additional 2.50% own funds requirement is determined to cover Pillar 2 risks. Thus, as of the period end Citadele shall at all times meet, on a consolidated basis, a total SREP capital requirement (TSCR) of 10.5% (which includes a Pillar 2 additional own funds requirement of 2.5% to be held in the form of 56.25% of Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital and 75% of Tier 1 capital, as a minimum).

On top of the minimum capital adequacy ratios and the Pillar 2 additional capital requirements (TSCR), the Group and the Bank must comply with the capital buffer requirements. The buffer requirements must be reached by Common Equity Tier 1 capital. The capital conservation buffer both for the Group and the Bank is set at 2.50%, limiting dividend pay-out and certain other Tier 1 equity instrument repurchase, if the buffer threshold is not exceeded.

Citadele, being identified as "other systemically important institution" (O-SII), as of period end must also comply with the O-SII capital buffer requirement set by the supervisory authority at 1.75%.

Countercyclical capital buffer norms at each balance sheet date are calculated based on the actual risk exposure geographical distribution and the countercyclical buffer rates applicable for each geographical location. Increases in countercyclical capital buffer norms, when announced by the respective country, become effective after prespecified delay. Decreases take effect immediately.

The Pillar 2 Guidance (P2G) is a bank-specific recommendation that indicates the level of capital that the supervisory authority expects banks to maintain in addition to their binding capital requirements. It serves as a buffer for banks to withstand stress. The Pillar 2 Guidance is determined as part of the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) and for Citadele as of period end is set at 1.5%. Unlike the Pillar 2 Requirement, the Pillar 2 Guidance is not legally binding.

The Bank has to comply with the regulatory requirements both at the Bank's standalone level and at the Group's consolidated level. As of the period end both the Bank and the Group have sufficient capital to comply with the capital adequacy requirements. The long-term regulatory capital position of the Group and the Bank is planned and managed in line with these and other expected upcoming regulatory requirements.

For definitions of Alternative Performance Ratios refer to Definitions and Abbreviations section of these financial statements.



Regulatory capital requirements of the Group on 30 June 2024

	Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	Tier 1 capital ratio	Total capital adequacy ratio
Common equity Tier 1 ratio	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%
Additional Tier 1 ratio	-	1.50%	1.50%
Additional total capital ratio	-	-	2.00%
Pillar 2 additional own funds requirement (individually determined by the supervisory authority in the SREP, P2R)	1.41%	1.88%	2.50%
Capital buffer requirements:			
Capital conservation buffer	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
O-SII capital buffer (only for the Group)	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%
Systemic risk buffer	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%
Countercyclical capital buffer	0.62%	0.62%	0.62%
Capital requirement	10.85%	12.82%	15.44%
Pillar 2 Guidance (P2G)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Capital requirement with non-legally binding Pillar 2 Guidance	12.35%	14.32%	16.94%

For the Bank as of period end Other systemically important institution buffer requirement is not applicable, Systemic risk buffer applies at 0.10% and institution specific Countercyclical capital buffer requirement is 0.58%. Thus, for the Bank as of period end Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio requirement is 9.09%, Tier 1 capital ratio requirement is 11.06% and Total capital adequacy ratio requirement is 13.68%. On top of the capital ratio requirements a 1.50% Pillar 2 Guidance applies.

Capital adequacy ratio (including 50% of the net result for the period, i.e. decreased by the expected dividends)

EUR thousands

	30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Common equity Tier 1 capital				
Paid up capital instruments and share premium	159,474	159,321	159,474	159,321
Retained earnings	351,442	355,792	290,124	300,707
Proposed or estimated dividends	(23,133)	(50,606)	(20,017)	(50,606)
Regulatory deductions	(13,685)	(15,357)	(12,699)	(14,058)
Other capital components, net	4,912	3,574	4,912	3,574
Tier 2 capital				
Eligible part of subordinated liabilities	73,603	55,597	73,603	55,597
	,	·	,	
Total own funds	552,613	508,321	495,397	454,535
Risk weighted exposure amounts for credit risk, counterparty credit risk and dilution risk	2,098,473	1,980,726	1,431,125	1,349,491
Total exposure amounts for position, foreign currency open position and commodities risk	4,367	3,803	3,840	3,518
Total exposure amounts for operational risk	326,786	326,786	286,311	286,311
Total exposure amounts for credit valuation adjustment	6,216	2,297	6,193	2,166
Total risk exposure amount	2,435,842	2,313,612	1,727,469	1,641,486
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	19.7%	19.6%	24.4%	24.3%
Total capital adequacy ratio	22.7%	22.0%	28.7%	27.7%

The consolidated Group for regulatory purposes is different from the consolidated Group for accounting purposes. As per regulatory requirements AAS CBL Life, a licensed insurer, is not included in the consolidated Group for capital adequacy purposes. Consequently, it is excluded from own funds calculation and individual assets of AAS CBL Life are not included as risk exposures in the Group's capital adequacy calculation. Instead, the carrying value of the Group's investment in AAS CBL Life constitutes a risk exposure in the Group's capital adequacy ratio calculation.

As of period end, no transitional provisions were applied in capital adequacy calculation. Fully loaded capital adequacy ratio equals transitional capital adequacy ratio as of the period end.



Capital adequacy ratio (excluding the net result for the period)

Per regulations, Bank may include interim or year-end profits in capital before taking a formal decision confirming the final audited profit for the year only with a prior permission of the competent authority. Any foreseeable charges or dividends must be deducted from those profits. Submission of documents for permission takes time and such permission is requested only after the publishing of the financial report for the respective period and completion of the audit verification. Such permission of the competent authority for inclusion of the 2024 interim profits, which have been decreased by foreseeable charges and dividends, has not been received for six months period end 30 June 2024. Below is presented a scenario, where no 2024 interim profits are included. 2024 audited annual profits will become eligible for inclusion in the regulatory capital after the institution will take a formal decision confirming the final profit or loss for the year.

EUR thousands

Common equity Tier 1 capital Tier 2 capital Total own funds Total risk exposure amount

Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio
Total capital adequacy ratio

30/06/2024	30/06/2024
Group	Bank
455,876	401,777
73,603	73,603
529,479	475,380
2,435,842	1,727,469
18.7%	23.3%
21.7%	27.5%

Leverage ratio (including 50% of the net result for the period, i.e. decreased by the expected dividends)

Leverage ratio is calculated as Tier 1 capital versus the total exposure measure. As of period end Citadele is not applying transitional provisions. The minimum requirement is 3%. The exposure measure includes both non-risk based on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet items calculated in accordance with the capital requirements regulation. The leverage ratio and the risk-based capital adequacy ratio requirements are complementary, with the leverage ratio defining the minimum capital to total exposure requirement and the risk-based capital adequacy ratios limiting bank risk-taking.

	30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Leverage Ratio – fully phased-in definition of Tier 1 capital	10.1%	9.2%	9.2%	8.4%

The fully loaded leverage ratio as of period end, if no interim profits are included, for the Group is 9.6% and for the Bank is 8.8%.

Minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) under BRRD

The European Commission has adopted the regulatory technical standards (RTS) on the criteria for determining the minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) under the Banking Package (CRR2/CRD5/BRRD2/SRMR2). In order to ensure the effectiveness of bail-in and other resolution tools introduced by BRRD 2, all institutions must meet an individual MREL requirement. The MREL requirement for each institution is comprised of several elements, including calculation of the required loss absorbing capacity of the institution, and the level of recapitalisation needed to implement the preferred resolution strategy identified during the resolution planning process. Items eligible for inclusion in MREL include institution's own funds (within the meaning of the capital requirements directive), along with eligible liabilities subject to conditions set in regulation 2019/876.

MREL is required to be calculated based on both total risk exposure amount (TREA) and leverage ratio exposure (LRE) amount. Statutory subordination requirements may also be set depending on the Group's regulatory classification and are communicated individually in a MREL decision.

SRB as of the period end has determined the consolidated MREL target for the Group at the level of 23.70% of TREA or 5.91% leverage ratio, whichever is higher. The Group must comply with MREL at all times on the basis of evolving amounts of TREA/LRE. As of the period end, the Group is in compliance with TREA and LRE based MREL requirements. As of the period end Group's MREL is 30.2% based on TREA criteria and 15.5% based on leverage ratio criteria.

Subsequent to the period end, a revised consolidated MREL target for the Group at the level of 24.13% of TREA, plus a combined buffer requirement, or 5.91% leverage ratio was announced and became effective on 16 July 2024.

Starting from 16 July 2027, a proportion of the overall MREL requirement would have to be met by the Group with subordinated instruments, namely 14.04% of TREA, plus a combined buffer requirement, as well as a higher 7.82% leverage ratio. The Group is currently in the process of appealing the subordination requirement. The MREL target is determined by the SRB using financial and supervisory information and is re-calibrated by the SRB annually.

Managing Climate-related and environmental risk

Citadele recognizes that its operations and business model can be affected by climate-related and environmental (C&E) risks, both physical and transition risks, in several ways: as a direct risks to Citadele, and as risks to Citadele through its clients, partners and suppliers affected by C&E risks. Citadele is focused on integrating C&E risks into the broader risk management framework of the Bank. The Group views C&E risks as risk drivers affecting existing prudential risk categories such as Credit risk, Operational risk, Market risk, Liquidity risk and Strategic risk. Citadele's C&E risk management follows a general four step approach of risk identification, assessment, management and monitoring, that is embedded in the Bank's key processes. Work on integrating C&E risks in Citadele risk management framework is continuous and it is regularly reviewed and updated to align with scientific consensus and regulatory expectations. Within C&E risk management, integrating ECB expectations for safe and prudent management of C&E risks into the Bank's processes has continued to be the key focus. Some of the key steps being:

- Identification: identification of elevated transition risks at sector level, identification of physical risk at address level of collateralized real estate, identification of elevated C&E risks at exposure level for large exposures.
- Assessment: environmental and social risk assessment for new exposures exceeding EUR 1.0 million, quantification of physical and transition risk exposure on portfolio level.
- Managing risk: acceptable risk level thresholds in risk appetite, mitigating actions.
- Monitoring: risk appetite threshold monitoring, monitoring of environmental and social risk events.

C&E risk identification

Climate and environmental risks are identified both at portfolio level for transition and physical risks, and on exposure level for large new exposures. Climate risk drivers, representing climate-related changes that could materialize as financial risks through existing risk categories, are classified into one of two categories – physical and transition risks. Physical risks are further classified as acute or chronic, following general practice in the area. Because C&E risk as driver is manifesting through other risk categories, it is important to identify and understand the transmission channels through which these drivers are influencing overall risk. Potential effects of climate risk drivers have been identified for all key risk types of the Bank.

Materiality assessment

To understand Citadele Group's exposure and potential vulnerability to physical and transition risks, an annual Climate and Environmental Risk Materiality Assessment is performed. Focus of the latest materiality assessment was to incorporate ECB recommendations. The new approach ensures detailed analysis of transition and physical risk drivers, granular industry level analysis, assessment in the short (0-3 years), medium (3-5 years) and long-term (>5 years) horizon. It covers all major risk areas, such as Credit risk, Liquidity risk, Market risk, Operational risk and Strategic risk. Citadele continued working on reinforcing the Materiality assessment and integration.

The identified material C&E risk drivers are included into Risk Appetite and Risk Strategy within the individual risk areas in accordance with the Group's ESG Risk Policy. This process also includes appropriate risk limit setting, the development of Key Risk indicators, and regular monitoring and reporting. Further monitoring is performed for sectors with increased climate-related and environmental risk.

To facilitate identification of material climate-related risks within sectors and portfolios, work is ongoing to increase the granularity of assessment. Quantification of exposure to Climate & Environmental risks is part of stress testing procedures, with scenarios developed for Credit Risk (both Physical and Transition risk scenarios), Market risk (combined Physical and Transition risk scenario), Operational risk (Physical and Transition risk scenarios) and Strategic risk (Transition risk scenarios).

To assess linkage between financial and nonfinancial risks, transmission channel approach is used. Transmission channels are the causal chains that explain how climate risk drivers may impact Citadele either directly or indirectly through counterparties, assets, and the economy.

C&E risks may manifest as both financial and nonfinancial risks. Financial risks are the probability to experience financial losses due to Climate-related & environmental events. Nonfinancial risks are viewed as probability that certain climate related and environmental events will leave negative impact on the Bank's reputation. Nonfinancial risks lead to financial consequences.

Managing climate-related risks

Managing ESG-related risk is key to Citadele's long-term sustainability. Citadele defines ESG risk as the risk of negative financial impact that stems from the current or prospective impacts of ESG factors on its counterparties or assets. In the process of integrating climate-related risk aspects into the existing risk management framework, Citadele has defined acceptable C&E risk levels and portfolio concentration for high-risk industries in its Risk Appetite Framework. All C&E risks identified as material are considered in Risk Appetite and Risk Strategy within the individual risk areas in accordance with the Group's ESG Risk Policy. This process also includes appropriate risk limit setting, the development of Key Risk indicators, and regular monitoring and reporting. Follow-up actions in case of limit breaches are included in Risk Strategy.



The risk management framework for categories where the impact of climate-related risk factors is identified as material is reinforced to include the climate related risk factor identification and management. A process for Environmental, Social and Climate-related risk assessment on individual large exposure level has been introduced into the credit assessment process. Its outcomes serve as basis to including the estimation of C&E and social risk aspects into credit decisions.

As part of C&E risk mitigation while structuring transactions with higher C&E risk levels and financing thresholds, Citadele is considering the existence and maturity its counterpart's C&E risk management action plan. It may affect the length, pricing, or other structuring conditions. Citadele realizes that C&E risk management and ESG area in general may be new to many of customers and are determined to support customers in navigating the requirements.

To embed C&E risk into Market risk management, an internal approach, linked to Industry Environmental risk level and based on GHG emissions is used for risk assessment and monitoring purposes. Citadele uses Environmental Risk score and external ESG rating cores for ESG risk management in corporate debt securities portfolio.

Citadele manages C&E risk drivers through Operational risk management by considering the potential adverse impact of events related to climate, environmental and social risk events on its Business Continuity Plan and potential reputational and litigation risk. Social media, as an essential communication channel for ESG topics, is monitored by the Marketing and Communication Department, and information obtained from this monitoring is considered during the Reputational risk management process.

C&E risk factors are included in the Bank's standardised stress tests and ad-hoc stress test scenarios.

Managing social and governance risks

Managing social and governance risks in addition to C&E risks is important for Citadele, to protect the Group's reputation, avoid legal and regulatory risks, achieve long-term strategic objectives, and contribute positively to society and the environment.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Condensed Interim Separate and the Consolidated Financial Information

To the shareholders of AS "Citadele banka"

Report on the Review of the Condensed Interim Separate and the Consolidated Financial Information

Introduction

We have reviewed the condensed interim separate financial information of AS "Citadele banka" ("the Bank") and the condensed interim consolidated financial information of the Bank and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 12 to 60 of the accompanying Interim Report, which comprise:

- the separate and consolidated condensed balance sheets as at 30 June 2024,
- the separate and consolidated condensed statements of income for the three and six months periods ended 30 June 2024,
- the separate and consolidated condensed statements of comprehensive income for the three and six months periods ended 30 June 2024,
- the separate and consolidated condensed statements of changes in equity for the six months period ended 30 June 2024,
- the separate and consolidated condensed statements of cash flows for the six months period ended 30 June 2024, and
- the notes to the separate and consolidated condensed financial information.

The Management of AS "Citadele banka" is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed separate and consolidated interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as adopted by the European Union. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements ISRE 2410 Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and other generally accepted auditing practices and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim separate financial information of AS "Citadele banka" and the condensed interim consolidated financial information of the Group is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as adopted by the European Union.

Anders Tagde Partner KPMG Baltics SIA authorised representative Riga, Latvia Rainers Vilāns Member of the Board Latvian Sworn Auditor Certificate No. 200

The Auditors' Report is signed with a secure electronic signature, which contains a timestamp, the date of signing the Auditors' report is the date of the last attached secure electronic signature timestamp.



OTHER REGULATORY DISCLOSURES

Besides financial, corporate governance and other disclosures included in these financial statements of AS Citadele banka, the Financial and Capital Market Commission's regulation No. 231 "Regulation on Preparation of Public Quarterly Reports of Credit institutions" requires several additional disclosures which are presented in this note. Bank tax expense is presented within "Corporate income tax", Bank tax liability is presented within "Tax liabilities". Group's depreciation charges for assets under operating lease contracts are presented within other operating expense as use of assets is core business of the Group. These expenses are part of operating income.

Income Statement, regulatory format

		6m 2024	6m 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023
	EUR thousands	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
1	Interest income	125,152	106,190	112,945	95,113
2	Interest expense	(29,580)	(18,226)	(30,320)	(18,388)
3	Dividend income	11	10	11	10
4	Commission and fee income	34,177	37,363	31,502	34,931
5	Commission and fee expense	(16,979)	(16,407)	(16,087)	(15,014)
	Gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and				
6	liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	(11)	-	(11)	-
7	Gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	916	491	940	168
8	Fair value change in the hedge accounting	-	-	-	-
9	Gain or loss from foreign exchange trading and revaluation of open positions	4,577	6,087	4,573	6,192
10	Gain or loss on derecognition of non-financial assets, net	-	-	-	-
11	Other income	1,999	1,528	1,232	1,132
12	Other expense	(2,822)	(2,989)	(1,773)	(1,881)
13	Administrative expense	(51,889)	(44,326)	(45,354)	(38,132)
14	Amortisation and depreciation charge	(4,729)	(4,580)	(4,183)	(4,299)
15	Gain or loss on modifications in financial asset contractual cash flows	(1,369)	(396)	(1,369)	(396)
16	Provisions, net	1,765	361	1,866	587
17	Impairment charge and reversals, net	5,217	3,377	9,860	1,099
18	Negative goodwill recognised in profit or loss Share of the profit or loss of investments in subsidiaries, joint	-	-	-	-
19	ventures and associates accounted for using the equity method	-	12	-	12
20	Profit or loss from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	(4,021)	(3,354)	(9,016)	(3,517)
21	Profit before taxation	62,414	65,141	54,816	57,617
22	Corporate income tax	(15,545)	(4,406)	(14,782)	(3,992)
23	Net profit / loss for the period	46,869	60,735	40,034	53,625
24	Other comprehensive income for the period	1,696	3,002	1,818	1,673



AS Citadele banka Other regulatory disclosures

Balance Sheet, regulatory format

	EUR thousands	30/06/2024 Group	31/12/2023 Group	30/06/2024 Bank	31/12/2023 Bank
1	Cash and demand balances with central banks	157,349	520,569	157,349	520,569
2	Demand deposits due from credit institutions	7,546	11,925	6,864	11,306
3	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	125,285	71,324	97,279	46,186
3.1.	Including loans to public and credit institutions	-	-	-	-
4	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	150,408	165,143	127,336	137,025
5	Financial assets at amortised cost	4,060,200	3,896,868	3,970,169	3,809,367
5.1.	Including loans to public and credit institutions	3,072,166	2,884,673	2,995,148	2,810,149
6	Derivatives – hedge accounting	-	-	-	-
7	Change in the fair value of the portfolio hedged against interest rate risk	-		-	-
8	Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	-	248	48,597	47,939
9	Tangible assets	10,649	11,183	6,538	7,309
10	Intangible assets	8,024	8,065	5,889	6,010
11	Tax assets	1,464	2,572	1,345	2,356
12	Other assets	50,237	42,865	38,668	35,369
13	Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	113,123	132,574	7,162	12,788
14	Total assets (1.++13.)	4,684,285	4,863,336	4,467,196	4,636,224
15	Due to central banks	1,950	41,313	1,950	41,314
16	Demand liabilities to credit institutions	5,741	6,121	24,496	6,298
17	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	19,157	22,731	1,066	3,331
17.1	Including deposits from customers and credit institutions	18,091	19,399	-	-
18	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	3,957,380	4,069,742	3,952,830	4,078,348
18.1	Including deposits from customers and credit institutions	3,675,892	3,810,182	3,671,342	3,818,788
19	Derivatives – hedge accounting	-	-	-	-
20	Change in the fair value of the portfolio hedged against interest rate risk			-	-
21	Provisions	3,137	4,899	2,975	4,839
22	Tax liabilities	9,891	18,071	9,094	17,247
23	Other liabilities	66,315	63,404	29,107	31,894
24	Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale	105,881	121,660	-	
25	Total liabilities (15.++24.)	4,169,452	4,347,941	4,021,518	4,183,271
26	Shareholders' equity	514,833	515,395	445,678	452,953
27	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (25.+26.)	4,684,285	4,863,336	4,467,196	4,636,224
28	Memorandum items	466,590	416,445	458,941	442,179
29	Contingent liabilities	70,166	57,085	78,269	64,903
30	Financial commitments	396,424	359,360	380,672	377,276

ROE and **ROA** ratios

	6m 2024	6m 2023	6m 2024	6m 2023
	Group	Group	Bank	Bank
Return on equity (ROE) (%) Return on assets (ROA) (%)	18.20% 1.96%	27.48% 2.36%	17.82% 1.76%	

Average value is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the balance sheet assets or residual capital and reserves at the beginning of the reporting period and at the end of the reporting period.



AS Citadele banka Other regulatory disclosures

Capital adequacy ratio

Capital adequacy ratios here are calculated in accordance with the Basel III regulation as implemented via EU regulation 575/2013, directive 2013/36/EU and other relevant regulations. In this disclosure, in the Group's and the Bank's regulatory capital, annual audited profits before reporting period are included; 2024 audited profits will become eligible for inclusion in the regulatory capital after the institution will take a formal decision confirming the final profit or loss for the year; interim audited and interim reviewed profits for the reporting period are included only after regulatory approval is obtained and in the amount approved (i.e. in this disclosure no 6m2024 interim profits are included).

		30/06/2024	31/12/2023	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
EUR thousands		Group	Group	Bank	Bank
1	Own funds (1.1.+1.2.)	529,479	508,321	475,380	454,535
1.1	Tier 1 capital (1.1.1.+1.1.2.)	455,876	452,724	401,777	398,938
1.1.1	Common equity Tier 1 capital	455,876	452,724	401,777	398,938
1.1.2	Additional Tier 1 capital	_	-	_	-
1.2	Tier 2 capital	73,603	55,597	73,603	55,597
2	Total risk exposure amount (2.1.+2.2.+2.3.+2.4.+2.5.+2.6.+2.7.)	2,435,842	2,313,612	1,727,469	1,641,486
2.1	Risk weighted exposure amounts for credit, counterparty credit and dilution risks and free deliveries	2,098,473	1,980,726	1,431,125	1,349,491
2.2	Total risk exposure amount for settlement/delivery	-	-	-	-
2.3	Total risk exposure amount for position, foreign exchange and commodities risks	4,367	3,803	3,840	3,518
2.4	Total risk exposure amount for operational risk	326,786	326,786	286,311	286,311
2.5	Total risk exposure amount for credit valuation adjustment	6,216	2,297	6,193	2,166
2.6	Total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book	-	-	-	-
2.7	Other risk exposure amounts	-	-	-	-
3	Capital adequacy ratios				
3.1	Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio (1.1.1./2.*100)	18.7%	19.6%	23.3%	24.3%
3.2	Surplus (+)/ deficit (-) of Common equity Tier 1 capital (1.1.12.*4.5%)	346,263	348,611	324,040	325,071
3.3	Tier 1 capital ratio (1.1./2.*100)	18.7%	19.6%	23.3%	24.3%
3.4	Surplus (+)/ Deficit (-) of Tier 1 capital (1.12.*6%)	309,725	313,907	298,128	300,449
3.5	Total capital ratio (1./2.*100)	21.7%	22.0%	27.5%	27.7%
3.6	Surplus (+)/ Deficit (-) of total capital (12.*8%)	334,612	323,232	337,183	323,216
4	Combined buffer requirements (4.1.+4.2.+4.3.+4.4.+4.5.)	120,499	113,759	54,959	51,576
4.1	Capital conservation buffer	60,896	57,840	43,187	41,037
4.2	Conservation buffer for macroprudential or systemic risk at member state's level	-	-	-	-
4.3	Institution specific countercyclical buffer	15,183	13,845	9,980	8,953
4.4	Systemic risk buffer	1,792	1,586	1,792	1,586
4.5	Other systemically important institution buffer	42,628	40,488	-	-
5	Capital adequacy ratios, including adjustments				
5.1	Impairment or asset value adjustments for capital adequacy ratio purposes	-		_	-
5.2	Common equity tier 1 capital ratio including line 5.1 adjustments	18.7%	19.6%	23.3%	24.3%
5.3	Tier 1 capital ratio including line 5.1 adjustments	18.7%	19.6%	23.3%	24.3%
5.4	Total capital ratio including line 5.1 adjustments	21.7%	22.0%	27.5%	27.7%

Business Strategy and Objectives

Information about Citadele's strategy and objectives is available in the "Values and strategy" section of the Bank's web page.

Branches

AS Citadele banka has 11 branches and client service centres in Latvia, 1 branch in Estonia and 1 branch in Lithuania as of the period end. AS Citadele banka has no client consultation centres in Latvia. The Lithuanian branch has 6 customer service units in Lithuania. Information about branches, client service centres and ATMs of Citadele is available in the Citadele web page's section "Branches and ATMs".

Bank's Organizational Structure

		Internal Audit
	Chief Executive Officer (MB)	
Chief Corporate Commercial Officer (MB)	Chief Retail Commercial Officer (MB)	Chief Technology & Operations Officer (MB)
		Data Architecture & Delivery
Transaction Banking		
		Project Management Office
Chief Risk Officer (MB)	Chief Strategy Officer (MB)	Chief Financial Officer (MB)
	Business Development	
	Digital Ventures	
		Financial Institutions
		Operational Excellence

QUARTERLY STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND BALANCE SHEETS OF THE GROUP

	Group, EUR thousands						
	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023		
Interest income	62,936	62,216	61,873	61,551	56,907		
Interest expense Net interest income	(14,353) 48,583	(15,227) 46,989	(12,687) 49,186	(10,765) 50,786	(9,452) 47,455		
Fee and commission income	17,289	16,888	16,905	17,316	21,257		
Fee and commission expense	(8,994)	(7,985)	(8,142)	(9,238)	(8,546)		
Net fee and commission income	8,295	8,903	8,763	8,078	12,711		
Net financial income Net other income / (expense)	1,584 (211)	2,529 (601)	2,062 (429)	2,424 (639)	2,231 (743)		
Operating income	58,251	57,820	59,582	60,649	61,654		
Staff costs	(19,067)	(18,324)	(16,319)	(16,023)	(17,024)		
Other operating expenses	(7,388)	(7,110)	(12,475)	(6,377)	(5,865)		
Depreciation and amortisation Operating expense	(2,421) (28,876)	(2,308) (27,742)	(2,204) (30,998)	(2,219) (24,619)	(2,293) (25,182)		
Profit from continuous operations before impairment,	(20,070)	(21,142)	(30,990)	(24,019)	(23, 102)		
bank tax, mortgage loan levy and non-current assets							
held for sale	29,375	30,078	28,584	36,030	36,472		
Net credit losses	4,129	2,786	(1,916)	2,771	5,009		
Other impairment losses	(5)	72	(32)	(15)	4		
Operating profit from continuous operations before bank tax, mortgage loan levy and non-current assets held for							
sale	33,499	32,936	26,636	38,786	41,485		
Mortgage loan levy and bank tax	(2,909)	(2,246)	1,356	(1,260)	(991)		
Result from non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, net of tax	(2,954)	(1,067)	(1,367)	(1,396)	(547)		
Operating profit	27,636	29,623	26,625	36,130	39,947		
Income tax	(5,169)	(5,221)	(17,883)	(1,820)	(2,442)		
Net profit	22,467	24,402	8,742	34,310	37,505		
		Group	, EUR thousa	inds			
	30/06/2024	31/03/2024	31/12/2023	30/09/2023	30/06/2023		
Assets	457.040	202 202	500 500	400.750	050 470		
Cash and cash balances at central banks	157,349	380,396	520,569	483,752	353,473		
Loans to credit institutions	31 028			*			
Loans to credit institutions Debt securities	31,028 1,234,624	35,496 1,244,517	34,640 1,220,032	34,713 1,227,772	35,976 1,310,755		
Debt securities Loans to public	1,234,624 3,048,684	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148		
Debt securities Loans to public	1,234,624 3,048,684	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets Deferred income tax assets	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985 450	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777 338	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777 714	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416 - 1,096		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets Deferred income tax assets Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985 450 113,123	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777 338 120,599	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777 714 132,574	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609 - 695 139,151	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416 - 1,096 163,476		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets Deferred income tax assets Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale Other assets	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985 450 113,123 50,237	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777 338 120,599 42,706	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777 714 132,574 42,865	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609 - 695 139,151 38,383	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416 - 1,096 163,476 37,664		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets Deferred income tax assets Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale Other assets Total assets Liabilities Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985 450 113,123 50,237 4,684,285	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777 338 120,599 42,706 4,783,213	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777 714 132,574 42,865 4,863,336	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609 - 695 139,151 38,383 4,831,207	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416 - 1,096 163,476 37,664 4,883,562		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets Deferred income tax assets Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale Other assets Total assets Liabilities Deposits from credit institutions and central banks Deposits and borrowings from customers	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985 450 113,123 50,237 4,684,285 7,942 3,693,732	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 10,295 7,830 175 1,777 338 120,599 42,706 4,783,213	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777 714 132,574 42,865 4,863,336	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609 - 695 139,151 38,383 4,831,207	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416 - 1,096 163,476 37,664 4,883,562		
Debt securities Loans to public Equity instruments Other financial instruments Derivatives Investments in related entities Tangible assets Intangible assets Current income tax assets Bank tax assets Deferred income tax assets Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale Other assets Total assets Liabilities Deposits from credit institutions and central banks	1,234,624 3,048,684 1,309 25,921 1,873 - 10,649 8,024 29 985 450 113,123 50,237 4,684,285	35,496 1,244,517 2,910,501 1,348 26,026 1,209 - 10,295 7,830 175 1,777 338 120,599 42,706 4,783,213	34,640 1,220,032 2,861,958 1,239 26,372 1,019 248 11,183 8,065 81 1,777 714 132,574 42,865 4,863,336	34,713 1,227,772 2,852,805 1,167 25,690 5,467 203 11,718 8,082 1,609 - 695 139,151 38,383 4,831,207	35,976 1,310,755 2,927,203 1,148 27,335 1,495 203 13,129 8,193 2,416 - 1,096 163,476 37,664 4,883,562		
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DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

This section summarises abbreviations and Alternative Performance Ratios (APR) used throughout these interim condensed financial statements. APRs may not be comparable across companies. Profit-related APR may exclude specific line items, like mortgage loan levy and bank tax, which doesn't meet corporate income tax definition as per IFRS, or may exclude discontinued operations.

ALCO - Assets and Liabilities Management Committee.

AML - anti-money laundering.

BRRD - the bank recovery and resolution directive.

CAR – Total capital adequacy ratio as defined in the Regulation (EC) No 575/2013 and other relevant regulations. The ratio is calculated as a sum of equity, which is adjusted by specific regulatory deductions, and eligible subordinated liabilities, divided by risk weighted assets and other regulatory charges. The ratio indicates compliance with regulatory capital requirements at the end of the relevant period.

CET1 – Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio as defined in the Regulation (EC) No 575/2013 and other relevant regulations. CET1 ratio is calculated as equity, which is adjusted by specific regulatory deductions, divided by risk weighted assets and other regulatory charges. The ratio indicates compliance with regulatory common equity tier one capital requirements at the end of the relevant period.

CIR – cost to income ratio. Calculated as "Operating expense" divided by "Operating income". Operating expenses are calculated as the sum of staff costs, other operating expenses and depreciation and amortisation charge for the relevant period. Operating income is calculated as the sum of net interest income, net fee and commission income, net financial and other income for the relevant period. CIR is used to determine the profitability and administrative efficiency of a bank during the period.

COR – cost of risk ratio. "Net credit losses" divided by the average of gross loans at the beginning and the end of the period. COR is a measure of estimated exposure to credit risk of the lending operations in the respective period.

CTF - combating terrorist financing

ECB - European Central Bank.

EU - the European Union.

FMCRC - Financial Market and Counterparty Risk Committee.

IAS - International accounting standards

ICAAP – internal capital adequacy assessment process.

IFRS - international financial reporting standards.

LCR – liquidity coverage ratio as defined in the Regulation (EC) No 575/2013 and other relevant regulations. LCR indicates regulatory compliance with this specific liquidity requirement measure at the end of the relevant period.

Loan-to-deposit ratio. Carrying value of "Loans to public" divided by "Deposits and borrowings from customers" at the end of the relevant period. This ratio shows utilisation of the attracted customer funds in lending to public.

LR – leverage ratio is calculated as Tier 1 capital versus the total exposure measure. LR indicates regulatory compliance with specific minimum leverage requirements set by the regulatory authority.

LRE – leverage ratio exposure. The exposure measure used in LR, calculated as per regulatory rules.

ML/TF/PF - money laundering, terrorism and proliferation financing.

MREL - minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities.

NPL – non-performing loans. Stage 3 loans to public divided by total gross loans to public as of the end of the relevant period. NPL shows the proportion of credit impaired loans in the portfolio, a measure of the riskiness of the loans to customers portfolio.

NSFR – net stable funding ratio as defined in the Regulation (EC) No 575/2013 and other relevant regulations. A ratio indicating availability of the funding to cover liquidity needs, calculated as per regulatory rules.

OFAC – Office of Foreign Assets Control of the US Department of the Treasury.

O-SII – other systemically important institution.

ROA – return on average assets. Annualised net profit for the relevant period divided by the average of opening and closing total assets. ROA is a measure of profitability for the period generated by assets of the bank; indicating how efficiently assets are utilised in profit generation.

ROE – return on average equity. Annualised net profit for the relevant period divided by the average of opening and closing total equity. ROE is a measure of profitability for the period generated by equity of the bank; indicating how efficiently equity is utilised in profit generation.

RTS - regulatory technical standards.

SRB - the Single Resolution Board.

SREP - supervisory review and evaluation process.

Stage 3 impairment ratio – impairment allowance for stage 3 exposures divided by gross loans to public classified as stage 3. Indicates coverage of impairment allowance to cover credit impaired exposures as of period end. Measure of riskiness of the portfolio of loans to customers.

Stage 3 loans to public ratio – stage 3 loans to public divided by total loans to public as of the end of the relevant period. This ratio indicates the proportion of credit impaired loans in the total portfolio of loans to customers. Measure of riskiness of the portfolio of loans to customers.

TLTRO - ECB's targeted longer-term refinancing operations.

TREA - total risk exposure amount.

TSCR - SREP capital requirement set by the regulator.